Teacher Manual

Social Studies-2

1. My Family B. Match t

Oral Skills

Do it yourself

Writing Skills

A. Choose the correct options.

- 1. The Sharma family has four (\checkmark) members.
- 2. All the (✓) members of the Sharma family help with household work.
- 3. Sharma is Shiv's nickname (\checkmark).
- 4. A family that has more than four members is a large family (\checkmark) .
- 5. The surname is written after (\checkmark) the first name.

B. Write T for true statements and F for false ones.

1.[] 2.[] 3.[] 4.[] 5.[]

C. Answer the following:

- 1. In a nuclear family, there are parents and their children. It can be a big or a small family. In a small nuclear family, there are one or two children with their parents.
- 2. The parents help a family by looking after the whole house. Mother cleans the house, cooks food for the family and helps the children with their studies. Some mothers also work to earn money. Father works in the office and earns for the family.
- 3. I help our family by taking the pet for a walk, watering the plants and laying the table.
- 4. Children can keep the elders happy by the following:
 - 1. By obeying the elders.
 - 2. By respecting them.
 - 3. By studying well.
 - 4. By helping them in whatever way possible.

Activity

Do it yourself.

2. Food Talk

Oral Skills

Do it yourself

Writing Skills

A. Tick (\checkmark) the correct option:

- 1. (b) burger 2. (b) apple
- 3. (b) ice-cream

Match the following:

- 1. Honey (c)
- **B** (c) Animal Product
- 2. Dinner

 \mathbf{A}

- (a) Eaten at night
- 3. Curd
- (d) Milk Product
- 4. Cold Drink
- (b) Junk Food

C. Answer the following:

- 1. We need food because it gives us energy to live, grow, work and play. We get the energy from the food we eat. It keeps us healthy and strong.
- 2. The meals eaten in a day are:
 - Breakfast
- 2. Lunch
- 3. Dinner
- 3. All the food that we eat comes from two main sources:
 - 1. Plants 2. Animals
- 4. People sometimes eat sweet dish after dinner. It is called a dessert.
- 5. Food items like pizza, noodle, burger, chips, cold drinks, ice-cream are known as junk food. We should avoid junk food because it unhealthy and can make us obese and lazy.

Activity

Do it yourself.

3. We Wear Clothes

Oral Skills

Do it yourself

Writing Skills

A. Tick (\checkmark) the correct option:

- 1. Clothes protect us from cold (\checkmark) .
- 2. Early humans covered themselves with leaves (\checkmark) .
- 3. When it is hot, we wear cotton (\checkmark) clothes.
- 4. Sweaters are made of wool (\checkmark).
- 5. We wear raincoat (\checkmark) when we are outside in rain.

B. Fill in the blanks with the words in the box:

- 1. We wear clothes made of different materials.
- 2. We wear clothes to protect ourselves from heat and cold.
- 3. We wear clothes according to the season.
- 4. Woolen clothes keep us warm.
- 5. Raincoats are made of plastic or rubber.
- 6. We must wear clean clothes.

C. Answer these questions:

- 1. Early humans used leaves of trees and skin of animals to cover themselves.
- 2. We need clothes to protect ourselves from heat and cold. They also keep us safe from dust, dirt, rain and insect bites.
- 3. We wear raincoats to protect us from rain and from getting wet.
- 4. Uniforms are special clothes which people wear according to different types of work they do.

Activity

- A. Look at the uniforms of the following people and write who they are:
 - 1. Chef
- 2. Police
- 3. Waiter
- 4. Soldier
- B. Do it yourself.
- C. Do it yourself.
- D. Do it yourself.

4. Our House

Oral Skills

Do it yourself

Writing Skills

A. Tick (\checkmark) the correct option:

- 1. In ancient times, people lived in caves.
- 2. A house is a place where we live in.
- 3. Mud houses are mostly found in villages.
- 4. We must keep our home clean.
- 5. A flat is a part of a multi-storeyed building.
- 6. A building can have many flats.

B. Write 'T' for true' and 'F' for false statements:

- 1. [T]
- 2. [F]
- 3. [T]

- 4. [F]
- 5. [T]

C. Answer the following questions:

- 1. We need a house to protect ourselves from heat, cold and rain.
- 2. The materials needed for making a hut are:
 - (i) Straw
- (ii) Wood
- (ii) Mud
- 3. A bungalow is an independent house. Most bungalows are single-storeyed. Some of them have small gardens in front with lawns. A lawn is an area of neatly cut grass. Bungalows are seen in cities and towns.

5.

- 4. 1. Bricks
- 2. Steel
- 3. Wood

- 4. Marble
- Cement 6. Glass
- 7. Sand

Activity:

Do it yourself

5. Makers of Our House

Oral Skills

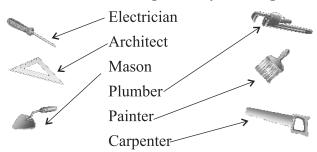
Do it yourself

Writing Skills

A. Fill in the blanks.

- 1. _____ or houses is not an easy job.
- 2. The person who paints the house is called a
- 3. A person who fixed the water pipes, taps etc. is called .
- 4. The person who makes the plan or design of the house is called as
- 5. The person who lays the bricks to construct the walls is called a .

B. Match the tools to the person by drawing lines:



C. Answer these questions:

- 1. An architect is a person who makes the plan or design of the house.
- 2. A carpenter is a person who makes the doors, windows and furniture of the house.
- 3. A painter is a person who paints the house.
- 4. An electrician is a person who does all the wiring and fixes electrical switches.

Activity

Do it yourself.

6. Cleanliness Around Us

Oral Skills

Do it yourself

Writing Skills

A. Tick (\checkmark) the correct option:

- 1) (a) Dry leaves 2) (c) Rubber tube
- 3) (b) Door and windows

B. Fill in the blanks:









Bucket

Wiper Broom

C. Answer the following questions:

1) The difference is as follows:

Biodegradable Wastes: These wastes rot

easily. They turn into simpler substances and mix with the soil e.g. paper, peels of fruits and vegetables, torn clothes and dry leaves.

Non-biodegradable Wastes: These wastes take hundreds of years to rot, decompose and mix with the soil. Aluminium cans, plastic, glass items, rubber tubes are examples.

- 2) Two qualities of a good house are:
 - (i) They are made of bricks, cement, steel, iron, glass, etc. They are called Pucca Houses.
 - (ii) They are not damaged easily. They can be independent houses, flats or bungalows.
- 3) The garbage must be disposed as follows:
 - From houses: Garbage like paper, peels of fruits and vegetables, torn clothes and kitchen waste must be put into dustbin and then handed over to the concerned departments like municipality.
 - Form factories: There should be proper treatment plant installed at the factory for chemical waste. Proper smoke-chimneys should be set up. Adequate arrangement for other wastes generated from the factory should be made within the factory premises.
- 4) Things should be kept at proper places otherwise they can affect and cause harm to others. There should be proper arrangement for disposal of wastes too.

Activity

Do it yourself.

7. Places In The Neighbourhood

Oral Skills

Do it yourself

2.

Writing Skills

- A. Tick (\checkmark) the correct option:
 - 1. (a) post office
- (*)
- 3. (c) policemen

market

- (√)
- 4. (a) fire

(b)

- **(√**)
- 5. (a) medicines
- (\checkmark)
- B. Who are they? Draw lines to match:
 - 1. He delivers letters and parcels. He is a
 - (c) postman
 - 2. she looks after the people who have to stay in the hospital. She is a (a) nurse

- 3. He sells different things to you. He is a
 - (b) shopkeeper
- 4. He keeps the neighbourhood safe. He is a
 - (e) policeman
- 5. He put out fires and saves people. He is a
 - (d) fireman

C. Answer the following questions:

- 1. We go to a hospital or a dispensary when we are sick or injured.
- 2. A postman helps us by collecting all our letters and taking them to the post office. The postman comes from the neighbourhood post office to deliver our letters to us.
- 3. We call up the fire station when a building catches fire.
- 4. We go to Internet Café or a Cyber Café to browse the internet.
- 5. The use of a school in our neighbourhood is that the children do not have to spend long time travelling in buses.

Activity Time

- A. Name the things you find in a
- 1. Fire Station
 - (a) Water pipes
 - (b) Fire Extinguishers
- 2. Stationery shop
 - (a) Pen and Pencils
 - (b) Note Books
- 3. Police Station
 - (a) Policemen
 - (b) Police Zeeps
- 4. Post Office
 - (a) Letters, parcels, Stamps
 - (b) Postman

8. Places of Worship

Oral Skills

Do it yourself

Writing Skills

- A. Tick (\checkmark) the correct option:
 - 1. (a) Temple
- 2. (c) Gurbani
- 3. (b) many
- 4. (b) be silent
- 5. (a) Friday

B. Fill in the blanks:

- 1. There are different places of worship.
- 2. The Priest or Pujari of a temple looks after the temple.
- 3. There is a special namaz in a mosque on

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every Friday.

- 4. The Parsis pray God in a Fire Temple.
- 5. The Holy Book of Christians is Bible.

C. Write 'T' for true' and 'F' for false statements:

- 1. [T] 2. [F]
- 3. [T] 4. [T]

D. Answer these questions:

- 1. Different places of worship are:
 - (a) Temple for Hindus
 - (b) Mosque for Muslims
 - (c) Gurudwara for Sikhs
 - (d) Church for Christians
 - (e) Derasar for Jains
 - (f) Pagoda for Buddhists
 - (g) Fire Temple for Parsis
- 2. The priest preaches about the teachings of God.
- 3. Derasar is a holy temple place where Jains offer their prayers.

Pagoda is a holy temple place where Buddhists offer their prayers.

Activity:

Given below are the pictures of different places of worship. Identify them and write their names:







Church

Mosque

Derasar







Temple

Gurudwara

Pagoda

9. Festivals

Oral Skills

Do it yourself

Writing Skills

A. Fill in the blanks:

- 1. Dussehra marks the victory of good over evil.
- 2. Diwali is called the festival of light.
- 3. Holi is called the festival of colours.
- 4. Eid is an important Mulsim festival.
- 5. Christmas is celebrated on 25th December.
- 6. Pongal is the harvest festival of Tamil Nadu.

B. Write 'True' or 'False':

- 1. [False] 2. [True] 3. [True]
- 4. [True] 5. [False]

C. Name these festivals. Write down one event performed on these festivals. The first one has been done for you.

Do it yourself

D. Answer these questions:

- 1. Dussehra is celebrated in honour of Lord Rama's victor over Ravana. It is celebrated for ten days. On this day, effigies of Ravana, his brother Kumbhakarna and his son Meghanada are burnt.
- 2. Diwali is the festival of lights.
- 3. Holi is the festival of colours.
- 4. Christmas is celebrated on 25th December every year. It is birth anniversary of Jesus Christ.
- 5. In Tamil Nadu, 14th January is celebrated as Pongal every year and in other parts of country. It is celebrated as Makar Sankranti. Pongal is a 3 day festival. People worship Rain God, Sun God and cows. Freshly harvested cereals and foods are cooked. People greet each other with 'Pongal'.

Activity

Name five special things which you do on festivals.

- 1. Wear new clothes.
- 2. Eat sweets.
- 3. Pray to God and Goddesses.
- 4. Decorate our houses.
- 5. Wish and greet everybody.

10. National Festivals

Oral Skills

Do it yourself

Writing Skills

A. When do we celebrate the following?

- 1. Independence Day: Independence Day is celebrated on 15th August as India got freedom from British rule on 15th August, 1947. The main function is held at Red Fort in Delhi. The Prime Minister hoists the National Flag at Red Fort. People sing the National Anthem.
- 2. Republic Day: Republic Day is celebrated on 26th January as India became a democratic Republic on 26th January, 1950. The main function is held at Rajpath in Delhi. A grand parade takes place. The President of India takes the salute of the parade.

3. Gandhi Jayanti: Gandhi Jayanti is celebrated in the memory of Mahatma Gandhi, the father of nation on 2nd October. The main function is held at Rajghat. A large number of people gather there to pay homage to him and sing Ram Dhun.

B. Look at the picture given below and answer the questions that follow:

- 1. Republic Day is being celebrated here.
- 2. Republic Day is celebrated on 26th January every year.
- 3. The main function is held at Rajpath in Delhi. A grand parade takes place. The President of India takes the salute of the parade.
- 4. The President of India takes the salute of the parade.

C. Answer these questions:

- 1. Independence Day is celebrated on 15th August as India got freedom from British rule on 15th August, 1947. The main function is held at Red Fort in Delhi. The Prime Minister hoists the National Flag at Red Fort. People sing the National Anthem.
- 2. Republic Day is celebrated on 26th January as India became a democratic Republic on 26th January, 1950. The main function is held at Rajpath in Delhi. A grand parade takes place. The President of India takes the salute of the parade.
- 3. Gandhi Jayanti is celebrated in the memory of Mahatma Gandhi, the father of nation on 2nd October. The main function is held at Rajghat. A large number of people gather there to pay homage to him and sing Ram Dhun.

Activity

Draw and colour yourself.

11. Occupations

Oral Skills

Do it yourself

Writing Skills

- A. Tick (\checkmark) the correct option:
 - 1) (a) pastries 2) (c) clothes
 - 3) (c) teacher

B. Fill in the blanks:

- 1. The baker makes delicious food.
- 2. The school bus takes us to school in the bus.
- 3. The magician plays magic tricks.
- 4. The actor works in movies.

C. Answer the following questions:

- 1. An occupation is work done by a person to earn money. People are engaged in different occupations for which they get money in return. Farmer works in fields and grows crops. Mason constructs buildings and houses. Plumber repairs leading taps and pipelines. Carpenter makes and repairs furniture. Electrician fixes wires, sockets and plugs. Teacher helps children to read and write. Doctor treats sick people, etc.
- 2. A carpenter makes and repairs furniture. He makes doors, windows and cupboards.
- 3. A fire-fighter is helpful to us as he saves people and things from burning in fire. He also tells people about safety rules and First Aid during fire.
- 4. A driver drives our vehicles. He drives buses in school. He also drives cabs and private cars. He follows traffic rules for safety of people.
- 5. An electrician fixes wires, sockets and plugs. He also repairs electrical appliances like television, radio and coolers.

Activity

Who sells these? Write their names:



A Florist sells flowers.



A Green Grocer sells fruits and vegetables.



A Chemist sells medicines.



Milkman sells milk.



Stationer sells stationeries.



Provision Store sells provisional items.

Oral Skills

Do it yourself

Writing Skills

A. Tick (\checkmark) the correct option:

- 1. (a) Recreation
- (b) dull
- 3. (a) Yes
- 4. (a) fun

2.

6.

- 5. (b) restaurant
- (a) pets

B. Fill in the blanks:

- 1. Cricket and football are outdoor games.
- 2. We go to restaurant to eat delicious dishes.
- 3. We feed birds and watch them.
- 4. It is a great fun to watch wild animals in a zoo.
- 5. We go to zoo to watch wild animals.
- 6. We go out for shopping.

C. Write 'T' for true' and 'F' for false statements:

- 1. [T]
- 2. [T]

[T]

3. [F]

[T]

- 4. [T]
- 6

D. Match the following:

Column I

Column II

- 1. Reading
- (c) Story books
- 2. Watching
- (a) Television
- 3. Indoor game
- (d) Chess
- 4. Outdoor game
- (b) Football

E. Answer these questions:

- 1. All work and no play make us dull.
- 2. Recreation is indulging in activities that make us fresh and relax. Recreation makes us fresh and active.

Two way of recreation are:

- (a) Dancing and Singing
- (b) Playing indoor or outdoor games.
- 3. Three indoor games are:
 - (a) Ludo
- (b) Chess (c) Carrom
- 4. Three outdoor games are:
 - (a) Cricket
- (b) Football
- (c) Hockey
- 5. We play see-saws, swings and slides in the park.

Activity:

A. Do it yourself.

Oral Skills

Do it yourself

Writing Skills

A. Fill in the blanks:

1.	in deserts, people ride on the or
	corrects.
2.	is called the ship of the desert.
3.	In hills and are used.
4.	rockets carry things like and
	to the outer space.

5. Some cities also have the _____ rail system.

B. Tick (\checkmark) the correct options.

- 1. A cart cannot move without people/ wheels.
- 2. the camel is called the king/ship of the desert.
- 3. Some cities have the Metro/shops.
- 4. A tonga is pulled by a horse/ships.
- 5. The fastest means of transport is the bus/aeroplane.

C. Answer these questions:

- 1. Early humans carried loads by themselves or by animals before the discovery of the wheel.
- 2. The first wheels must have been made by seeing a log rolling down a hill. This must have given him the idea of making a wheel. The first rough wheels must have been round logs of wood.
- 3. The first wheels used by the early humans must have been rough wheels made of round logs of wood.
- 4. Two uses of the wheel are:
 - (i) Carrying load from one place to another.
 - (ii) Carrying passengers from one place to another.

Activity

Do it yourself.

14. The Earth – Our Home

Oral Skills

Do it yourself

Writing Skills

A. Fill in the blanks:

- 1. Land forms about one-third part of the Earth.
- 2. Many crops and vegetables are grown in plain.
- 3. Sea water is salty.
- 4. A river is a stream of water pouring from a high place like a mountain or hill.

5. There is air surrounding the Earth.

B. Write 'T' for true and 'F' for False.

1. [] 2. [] 3. []

4. [] 5. []

A. Answer the following questions:

- 1. A Globe is a model of Earth. On it, the blue area shows water. The rest is land. Land forms about one-third part of the Earth. The remaining two-third part is covered by water. There is air surrounding the Earth.
- 2. A plateau is a flat or level land higher than a plain but lower than a hill.
- 3. The difference between a hill and a mountain is as follows:

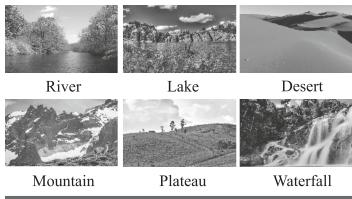
Hill: A hill is a high piece of land with an almost pointed top. Here, the weather is cool even in summers.

Mountain: A mountain is a very high hill. The mountain is mostly covered with snow.

4. A river is a stream of water pouring from a high place like a mountain or hill. A river is a channel through which a huge amount of water flows continuously.

Activity

Name the landforms shown in this picture.



15. Weather And Seasons

Oral Skills

Do it yourself

Writing Skills

A. Tick (\checkmark) the correct options:

- 1. The summer season is very hot (\checkmark) .
- 2. The winter season is very cold (\checkmark) .
- 3. We eat hot snacks in winter (\checkmark) .
- 4. We carry umbrellas in rainy (\checkmark) season.
- 5. It rains heavily during monsoon (\checkmark) months.

B. Name the following:

1. Two winter months : December and January

2. Two summer months: May and June

3. Two summer clothes: Shirt and T-Shirt

4. Two winter clothes : Coat and Sweater

5. Two summer fruits : Mango and Guava

C. Write T for true and F for false statements:

1. [T] 2. [T] 3. [F]

4. [T] 5. [T]

D. Answer these questions:

- 1. Three main seasons of India are:
 - (i) Summer season
 - (ii) Rainy Season
 - (iii) Winter Season
- 2. In the summer season, the sun is hottest and brightest during these months. April, May and June are called summer months. The air is warm and dry. The days are long. We wear light cotton clothes and enjoy cold drinks like lemonade, lassi, buttermilk shakes and juices. We use fans, coolers and air conditioners to keep ourselves cool.
- 3. During the summer season, we wear light cotton clothes and enjoy cold drinks like lemonade, lassi, buttermilk shakes and juices.
- 4. We keep ourselves warm during winter by wearing woollen clothes. We like to have hot food and drinks. We use heaters to keep ourselves warm. People in villages sit around a bonfire.
- 5. Monsoon or rainy season comes after summer. July, August and September are the three monsoon months. In some places, it starts raining in June itself. Pons, lakes and rivers get filled with water.
- 6. During the spring season, it is neither too hot nor too cold. The spring season comes in the months of February and March. Flowers are in full bloom and birds chirp. We love to stay outdoors as weather is very pleasant.

Activity

Find ten words related to weather and the seasons in this word-grid given below.

1. THUNDER 2. WINTER

3. COLD 4. RAIN

5. SUNNY 6. SNOW

7. WIND 8. STORM 9. SUN 10. HOT