

## Every Day English Grammar : Class - 8

### Chapter - 1.

#### Structure of Sentence

#### Exercise

- A. Rearrange the following words to form meaningful sentences.**
1. Abdul Kalam was the chief guest.
  2. Gourav and Vishal went to watch a movie.
  3. Do you have the pen with you?
  4. The cricket match result was so disappointing.
  5. Please do me a favour and put that stool here.
  6. I would like to cook good food for you.
  7. It is impossible to solve this puzzle.
  8. I would like to have some tea please.
- B. Put the correct punctuation marks at the end of the following sentences and write their kinds in the space provided.**
1. Let me cook breakfast for you this morning - Imperative
  2. What a pretty dress! - Exclamatory
  3. Whose pen is this? - Interrogative
  4. What a beautiful saree you are wearing! - Exclamatory
  5. Please do he a favour put that chair here - Imperative
  6. How are you? - Interrogative
  7. The glass is full. - Declarative
  8. I am glad to meet you - Declarative
- C. Identify whether the following statements are assertive interrogative, exclamatory or imperative sentences, then write in the space provided.**
1. Imperative
  2. Assertive
  3. Exclamatory
  4. Imperative
  5. Assertive
  6. Interrogative
  7. Interrogative
  8. Exclamatory
- D. Convert the following exclamatory and imperative sentences into interrogative sentences.**
1. Who offered him a place to rest?
  2. Who bought the child a toy?

3. How is the river?
4. Who was greater-Akbar or Jahangiri
5. How is the situation / condition?
6. How is the weather today?
7. How is the painting?
8. Who loved Juliet?

**E Change the following exclamatory**

**Sentences into assertions**

1. Good, keep it up.
2. This is a beautiful sculpture.
3. He is a rough and tough man.
4. She is injured badly.
5. This is a beautiful painting.
6. I am hurt badly
7. I have cleared the examination.
8. The horse is a wonderful creature.

**E In the following sentences, underline the subject and write the predicate in the space provided.**

- |                                   |                               |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| 1. Wordsworth                     | - was a well known poet.      |
| 2. The tiger                      | - is said to be a man-eater.  |
| 3. The dew drops                  | - glitter on the flowers.     |
| 4. The girl wearing the red frock | - is my niece.                |
| 5. Silence                        | - is the language of soul.    |
| 6. Each dog                       | - has his day.                |
| 7. All roads                      | - lead to Delhi               |
| 8. Delhi                          | - is the capital of India.    |
| 9. A small leak                   | - May sink a great ship.      |
| 10. Alive ass                     | - is better than a dead lion. |

**G. Match the following subjects and predicates**

- |                 |                            |
|-----------------|----------------------------|
| 1. The cupboard | - is behind the last row.  |
| 2. Mr. Sharma   | - is our English teacher.  |
| 3. Kautilya     | - wrote Arthashastra.      |
| 4. The rose     | - has a sweet smell.       |
| 5. The birds    | - are flying in the sky.   |
| 6. The girl     | - is standing on the road. |
| 7. The hunter   | - shot at the lion.        |
| 8. The sun      | - rises in the east.       |

**Q.4- Season**

**Ans.**

**Season**

There are mainly six seasons in our country:-

- (1) Summer (2) Rainy (3) Sharad (4) Hemant  
(5) Shishir (6) Spring season called Basant

Seasons play an important role in the geography of India. These seasons not only influence the vegetation, agriculture and human beings but also affect the social, economic and cultural activities of our society. Indian climate is typically Monsoon Climate. Monsoon means the change in the direction of air according to the season during the year. Monsoon winds change their direction during winter and summer. During Summer the land gets heated up due to which warm light air rises up and is replaced by wind blowing from sea to land which is rich in water vapours. These winds containing water vapours cause rain in India. All parts do not receive same amount of rainfall.

**Q.5-**

**Green Revolution**

**Ans.**

**Green Revolution**

Revolution means complete change in condition

When our country got independence on 15 August, 1947, it was divided by the British Government in two parts. One part became a separate independent country and was named Pakistan. The other big part is our India. Due to this partition, the productive fields went with Pakistan. So the problem of shortage of food arose in our country. This problem remained in our country upto 1970.

So Indian scientists worked day and night to look for the remedy of this food problem. At last they gave birth to Green Revolution. They invented new scientific methods of farming, rich fertilizer, better seeds, better agricultural equipments and developed methods of irrigations. Due to all their efforts production in agricultural fields increased very high. Now India exports agricultural product to other countries too. This change is the result of Green Revolution.

began to push one another. There was a great rush before the door. However I was successful in getting into the bus and got a seat in a corner. The bus now began to move.

**Q.2- A Morning Walk.**

**Ans.**

**A Morning Walk**

Exercise is necessary to keep all of us fit and fresh for the whole day. A morning walk is the best exercise. It is suitable for all whether young or old. It refreshes our mind and keeps us medically fit.

In the morning walk, we enjoy the sweet music of birds. A cool breeze is flowing at this time. We feel very refreshed and pleasant. The atmosphere on the way is free from dust and smoke. There is great hustle and bustle, hurries and worries. There is no rush and no traffic. The dew drops on the green grass shine like pearls. The fresh flowers welcome everyone waving their beads in the morning breeze. There is fragrance and fragrance everywhere.

Morning walk is a medicine to make lungs strong, to keep body fit and to reduce the weight for fat persons. As the sun rises, it gives us alarm to go back home.

**Q.3- Punctuality**

**Ans.**

**Punctuality**

The dictionary meaning of punctuality is observing appointed time. Therefore it is necessary for an ideal student, for an ideal teacher, for an ideal worker and even for an ideal citizen to be always punctual. Such a person is always careful about time. He never wastes his time in cheap talks or gossips. He knows that time once lost is lost forever. So punctuality is a very essential factor in human life.

Trains, aeroplanes and buses observe appointed time of arrival and departure. They are always careful about time. The students are habitual of main training punctuality because punctuality is a part of discipline. The habit of punctuality is developed among the students from the very beginning when they take admission in class - I of the school. An ideal teacher always inspires the students to be punctual in life

9. Babur - was a Mughal king.
10. Hindus - worship in the temples.

**H. Add 'predicates' to the following sentences.**

1. is a dangerous thing.
2. is better than cure.
3. plays carrom very well.
4. is the capital of India.
5. is India's national game.
6. is also called a 'blue planet'.
7. is our national bird.
8. is our national animal.
9. is a great scholar.
10. as born on 24th October.

**I. Use suitable subjects before the predicates given below.**

- |                       |              |
|-----------------------|--------------|
| 1. My grandparents    | 2. Mayank    |
| 3. We                 | 4. My uncles |
| 5. Police             | 6. Monika    |
| 7. Gagan and Arshdeep | 8. They      |
| 9. Rahul              | 10. Maria    |

**Chapter - 2.**

**Nouns**

**Exercise**

**A. Fill in the following blanks with the nouns given in the box.**

- |              |            |
|--------------|------------|
| 1. Birbal    | 2. Clothes |
| 3. ornaments | 4. wooden  |
| 5. classroom | 6. police  |
| 7. committee | 8. mob     |
| 9. flock     | 10. team   |

**B. Encircle the correct form of nouns in the brackets:**

1. paper
2. wood
3. hair
4. some sugar
5. ground

**C. Fill in the following blanks with appropriate nouns, choosing from the words given in the brackets:**

1. deer

2. retirement
3. reception
4. uncle's house
5. St. Paul's Church
6. wishes
7. monkeys
8. excitement
9. spies
10. feet

### Chapter - 3. (Pronouns) Exercise

#### (A) Fill up the blanks with the suitable Emphasizing Pronouns

- Ans.** (1) ourselves (2) himself (3) themselves  
(4) herself (5) himself (6) myself  
(7) himself (8) themselves.

#### (B) Re-write the following sentences after correcting the pronouns used in each:

- Ans.** (1) This is our own house.  
(2) She herself told me this.  
(3) They themselves enjoy well.  
(4) She had to leave her belongings outside.  
(5) Those whom the Gods love die young.

#### (C) Complete the following conversation by filling up the blanks with the right options given in the brackets:

- Ans.** Ajay : Is this  
Sunil : What  
Ajay : Whose  
Sunil : What  
Ajay : What  
Sunil : This  
Ajay : Which  
Sunil : Who

#### Just For Fun:

#### (A) Correct the following sentences:

- Ans.** (1) One should keep one's promise.  
(2) He is innocent. Isn't he?  
(3) This is between you and me.  
(4) Neither of you is good at dancing.

Alwar -301001

August 5, 20 \_\_ \_\_

#### (E) You have an urgent piece of work at home. Write an application for leave.

**Ans.** The Principal,  
Govt. Girls. Sr. Sec. School,  
Alwar.  
Madam,

Respectfully I beg to say that I have an urgent piece of work at home. So I won't be able to attend the school for the next three days. Kindly grant me leave for three days i.e. from 17 to 19 July, 20 \_\_ \_\_

Thanking you in anticipation.

Yours obediently,

Rajani Gupta

Class - VII-E

Dated -16 - 7 - 20 \_\_ \_\_

### Chapter - 30 . (Essay) Exercise

#### Q.1- Scene at a Bus Stop.

#### Ans. Scene at a Bus Stop

I undertook a bus - journey recently from Alwar to Delhi. A bus-journey in a roadways bus is very troublesome and inconvenient for the middle class boy.

When I reached the bus- stop, I found a great rush of people before the booking office. People were standing in a long line. So I could get a ticket after waiting for 30 minutes. Having bought the ticket for my bus journey. I came to the platform where the bus was standing to be filled by the passengers'. I found the atmosphere noisy. The hawkers were crying very loudly. Some villagers were busy in gossips. Some youths were smoking and loitering.

When the bus conductor whistled and the bus driver started the bus, people standing outside tried to get in, People

To,  
The Chairman  
MBB Municipality  
Dear Sir,

We, the residents of Shashtri Nagar colony want to draw your attention to the insanitary condition prevailing in this area.

There is no rainwater drainage system. The water accumulates before doors. The standing water stinks and breeds mosquitoes. There are pits on the road. Serious epidemic may break out due to the insanitary conditions.

We request you to look into the matter personally and take immediate measures to give the locality a healthy look.

Yours truly,  
Residents of  
Shashtri Nagar Colony  
July 7, 20 \_\_ \_\_

**(D) Suppose you want to open an account with ICICI Bank. Now write a letter to the Manager of the Branch.**

**Ans.** The Manager,  
ICICI Bank  
Branch - D.N. Marg, Alwar  
Dear sir,

With due respect I beg to state that I want to open a saving bank account with your bank. I am working as an Upper Division clerk in the office of LMB - International School, Vijay Nagar Colony, Alwar. Please allow me to open the s.b. account in you bank.

I submit my Aadhar Card copy, Residence Certificate and Matriculation Certificate showing date of birth with two witnesses who have their accounts in your bank.

Thanking you in anticipation  
Yours faithfully,  
Ram Niwas Yadav,  
15-Vijay Nagar Colony

## Chapter - 4 . (Determiners)

### Exercise

**(A) Fill in the blanks with possessives:**

**Ans.** (1) Her (2) their (3) my (4) their (5) my

**(B) Fill in the blanks with every, each, either or neither:**

**Ans.** (1) Each (2) Every (3) Each (4) Either (5) Every

**(C) How many determiners does each sentence have? Identify them as well as the nouns they help to indicate:**

**Ans.** (1) the Germans (2) the party  
(3) this animal (4) the milk  
(5) any food (6) these last few days  
(7) either book (8) many tourists  
(9) much water (10) the train

## Chapter - 5. (The Present Tense)

### Exercise

**(A) Complete these sentences as Present Tense form:**

**Ans.** (1) is, living (2) have been reading  
(3) Are, waiting (4) do, cry  
(5) has been absent (6) have, read  
(7) have been waiting (8) are you wondering.

**(B) Change the following sentences into Present Continuous Tense as directed:**

**Ans.** (1) The nuns are not singing in chorus.  
(2) The crowd is not fleeing in all directions.  
(3) Are frogs croaking in the pond?  
(4) Is the prince playing with a lion's cub?  
(5) Is she writing a letter to her husband?

**(C) Fill up the blanks with the forms of verbs used in Present Perfect Tense. The verbs are given in the brackets:**

**Ans.** (1) read (2) learnt (3) gone  
(4) seen (5) finished (6) left  
(7) set (8) eaten (9) gone

**(D) Fill up the blanks with the forms of verbs used in Present Continuous Tense. The verbs are given in the brackets:**

- Ans.** (1) looking (2) shining (3) playing  
(4) speaking (5) playing (6) grazing  
(7) reading (8) dancing (9) eating  
(10) reading.

**(E) Change and re-write the following sentences as directed:**

- Ans.** (1) I do not understand the question.  
(2) Do I stay with my aunt in Jaipur?  
(3) Does Ravi ring well?  
(4) The boy cries.  
(5) The rich do not help the needy.

## **Chapter - 6. (The Past Tense)**

### **Exercise**

**(A) Re-write the following sentences changing the verbs to Present or Past Continuous:**

- Ans.** (1) Rama was singing sweetly.  
(2) They are taking exercise every day.  
(3) She is playing badminton with her friends.  
(4) The Earth is revolving around the sun.  
(5) Kapil was ringing the bell.  
(6) Cattle are eating grass.

**(B) Re-write the following sentences putting all the verbs into the Past Tense:**

- Ans.** (1) You played cricket.  
(2) They did not fly a kite.  
(3) Puneet did not do his work.  
(4) He read a newspaper every day.  
(5) She was doing her level best to achieve her goal.  
(6) He sang a song.

**(C) Join and Re-write the following pair of sentences using the Past Perfect Tense:**

- Ans.** (1) The thief had run away before the police arrived.  
(2) She had finished her home-work before she went to play.  
(3) The bell had rung before we reached the school.

March 20, 20 .....

My dear uncle,

I am very much pleased to get your letter. It is very kind of you to be so keen about my visit to see you. You will be glad to know that my holidays of 5 days duration fall on 27th of March. I have decided to enjoy these five days with you and your family. I hope that God fulfil my desire.

Pay my best regards to aunt and Mohit.

Yours lovingly

Nishant.

**(B) Write a letter to your friend requesting him to lend his camera to you during your holidays.**

- Ans.** 17- New Hostel,  
University of Udaipur.

Sept 21, 20 .....

My dear Abhishek,

I am quite well and hope the same for you all at home. You will be glad to know that I am going to visit Gaumukh on our school trekking expedition.

Gaumukh is the source of the river Ganga is the Himalayas-at an altitude of 3048 metres. It is a great opportunity for me to enjoy snow-capped mountains, The gargling Ganga bubbling through rocks, joined by countless streamlets cascading through boulders.

Dear Abhishek, I requested you to lend your camera to me for a week. I assure you to give it back to you as soon as I return from this expedition. I will also provide you with the copies of the snaps. I hope you won't refuse my request.

Please give me regards to your parents.

Yours sincerely

Gautam

**(C) Write a letter to the Chairman, MBB Municipality Complaining of the inadequacy of the rainwater drainage system in the town.**

**Ans.**



**Ans. Process of washing clothes:-**

It was Saturday. My school uniform was somewhat dirty. I decided to wash it myself.

I took a bucket full of water. I poured some surf-washing powder in it and stirred it well. Then I put the uniform in this bucket. I rinsed then well and left it in the bucket for a while. After ten minutes, I took out the uniform and cleaned it with fresh water in another bucket. Thus I washed off the washing surf from my uniform - clothes. Then I squeezed the clothes and put them on hangers to dry.

After having dried them. I ironed them. My uniform looked neat and clean. I was very happy.

**Q.G- Tell your younger brother how to polish shoes.**

**Ans.** Everyone learns by experience. "Learning by doing" is the best method of gaining knowledge.

My younger brother gets his shoes polished by a cobbler. One day I thought to teach him how to polish shoes at home.

I brought a small box (case) of the branded boot polish and a medium sized brush for polishing shoes. First of all I remove the dust off the shoes with the brush. Then I opened the box (case) of the black polish. I took a small quantity of polish with the brush and rubbed it on the leather of the shoes. I did the same two or three times. The pair of shoes began to shine by continuous brushing.

Then I took a piece of cloth and cleaned the two shoes with it. The shoes were brightened. My younger brother was happy to see that polishing the shoes at home not only saves money but makes us self - reliance.

**Chapter - 29 . (Letter - Writing)**

**Exercise**

**(A) Write a letter to your uncle telling him that you will visit him soon with a friend.**

**Ans.** 16- Nasirabad,  
Ajmer (Rajasthan)

(4) I reached the examination centre before the paper started.

(5) Neha had visited all the places before she returned home.

**(D) Re-write the following sentences changing the verbs into Past Continuous Tense:**

**Ans.** (1) The peon was ringing the bell.

(2) I was playing tennis every evening.

(3) I was going to china last week.

(4) The girl was leaning against the tree.

(5) Ritu was singing sweetly.

(6) I was writing a letter yesterday.

**(E) Fill up the blanks with the correct form of verbs given in the brackets:**

<b>Ans.</b> (1) had been waiting	(2) happened
(3) did not	(4) was reading
(5) died	(6) poured
(7) do not	(8) had seen
(9) had already started	(10) answered

**Just For Fun:**

**Ans.** (1) I had got up.  
(2) He had done a lot of work.  
(3) She had taken medicine.  
(4) Had been bought from the market.  
(5) She had not eaten anything since morning.  
(6) The guest had arrived.  
(7) Had been spoiled by rain.  
(8) It had been thrown into water.  
(9) I had lost my spectacles.  
(10) I had gone out.

**Chapter - 7. (The Future Tense)**

**Exercise**

**(A) Fill up the blanks using 'shall' or 'will':-**

<b>Ans.</b> (1) shall	(2) shall	(3) will	(4) will
(5) will	(6) will	(7) will	(8) will

(9) will (10) shall

**(B) Fill up the blanks using the correct forms of the verbs given in the brackets:**

**Ans.** (1) help (2) go (3) help (4) do  
(5) accompany (6) come (7) go (8) watching  
(9) travelling (10) do

**(C) Fill up the blanks using the correct forms of the verbs given in the brackets:**

**Ans.** (1) disclose (2) be waiting  
(3) sing (4) learnt  
(5) doing (6) mend  
(7) coming (8) have been working  
(9) died

**(D) Fill up the following blanks using the correct forms of verb given in the brackets:**

**Ans.** (1) saw (2) moves (3) have been studying  
(4) has been working (5) am doing

**Chapter - 8. (Modals)  
Exercise**

**(A) Fill in the blanks with "Shall" or "Will":**

**Ans.** (1) will (2) will (3) shall (4) will  
(5) will (6) shall (7) will (8) shall  
(9) shall (10) will

**(B) Use the following sentences to form appropriate questions:**

**Ans.** (1) Would you like to accompany me?  
(2) Why must he not so rude to his juniors?  
(3) Father, may I watch the match on the mobile?  
(4) What do you want form me?  
(5) May I talk to you?  
(6) What does she not know?  
(7) Why did Pankaj like to wander in the forest at night?  
(8) What do you want to give her as a birthday present?

to control the situation.

In the mean time a stone came from somewhere and hit a glass window and the pieces of glass injured the agitators. They at once become violent and turned upon the police. They threw stones at the policemen. The police lathi- charged. The students scattered here and there but the policeman chased them and gave them a good beating. Many students were wounded. The students dispersed slowly. The police breathed a sigh of relief. The injured students were removed to hospital. It was a tragic incident.

**(C) Write a short Diary Entry about a recent journey you undertook with your family. You must briefly describe where you went and why and what your experience on the way was.**

**Ans.** Monday, 17 September, 20 \_\_ \_\_  
7 P.M.  
Dear Dairy

The bus journey from Jaipur to Pushkar was pleasant because I could see beautiful scenery and hills on both sides of the road. At Pushkar I had a bird's eye view of Pushkar - valley. I was spell - bound by its natural beauty, sacred sarovar and temples all around the lake. I was face to face with nature is its glory.

I with my family took sacred bath in the lake. Then went to worship in Brahmaji's Temple, which was our main aim. After having darshan of several temples, we sat for a while in the beautiful garden near the lake. Then we visited the local market where a number of foreigners were busy in purchasing different articles of Rajasthani - Art and culture. In the evening we came back to Jaipur.  
R.Krishan.

**Q. D and E**

**Ans.** (Do them yourself)

**Q. F- In your home science class, you have been asked to describe how to wash clothes. Write out the Process.**



**Ans.** Club Reporter,  
Jaipur.

Western Rajasthan generally has scanty rainfall but this year there has been less than normal rainfall in 21 Districts of the state. There were no rains in the first week of July. Consequently water in tank's and dams dried and evaporated causing an acute shortage of drinking water.

**Effects -**

- (1) Shortage of grass and fodder.
- (2) Kharif crops tremendously damaged.
- (3) Underground water has gone down.
- (4) Tube wells have run dry.
- (5) Some farmers out of dejection have committed suicide.
- (6) Cattle breeders have started migrating with their starving cattle to neighbouring states.
- (7) People are subsisting on leaves and bark of trees.

**The Role of Government -**

Relief works have been started to provide employment to the people. The Projects and schemes of land and water conservation, water resource development, afforestation have been under taken. Fodder has been procured from neighbouring states and made available at fodder depots. Public Distribution system has been strengthened. These steps may help to solve the situation.

**(B) You are the correspondent of a newspaper. Write a brief report for your paper on a violent student demonstration. Sign yourself as Myra.**

**Ans.** Staff Reporter,  
(Myra)  
Ajmer.

On last Friday, a large crowd of students gathered at the University gate. They were shouting slogans against the authorities. They were protesting against the abolition of revaluation system and demanded its restoration. The crowd gradually increased and became unruly mob. The police came

**Chapter - 9. (Active and Passive Voice)**

**Exercise**

**(A) Change the following sentences into Active Voice:**

- Ans.** (1) We must write to him.  
(2) He wrote a letter.  
(3) The poachers had already killed a lion.  
(4) Do we love them?  
(5) Has the Jackal killed the dog?

**(B) Change the voice of the following sentences:**

- Ans.** (1) Hastings will help me.  
(2) Has she been helped by you?  
(3) Do I play polo?  
(4) He was to bring you here.  
(5) Has he shut the window?

**(C) Fill in the blanks with the verbs given in the brackets in the Passive Voice:**

- Ans.** (1) be invited (2) be informed  
(3) was advised (4) was built  
(5) were alarmed (6) will be declared  
(7) were told (8) was arrested  
(9) are being made (10) is grown.

**(D) Change the Voice from Active to Passive in the following sentences:**

- Ans.** (1) Our feelings are expressed by us.  
(2) The food was eaten by the cat.  
(3) Vegetables are sold by Shamita.  
(4) You are not teased by us.  
(5) The song will be sung by us.  
(6) The poor are helped by him.  
(7) Skirts are liked by girls.  
(8) He is liked by the boys.  
(9) Originality is admired by people  
(10) The list was given to me by someone.

**Chapter - 10.****(Adjectives)****Exercise**

**(A) Form Adjectives from these words by adding suitable Suffixes to them:**

- Ans.** (1) greyish (2) sleepy (3) ceased  
 (4) friendly (5) golden (6)  
 (7) (8) tasty (9) skilled  
 (10) remarkable (11) (12) lovely  
 (13) powerful (14) princely (15) courageous  
 (16) (17) (18) gifted  
 (19) wooden (20) dirty

**(B) Fill in the blanks with the Comparative or Superlative Degree of the Adjectives in brackets:**

- Ans.** (1) taller  
 (2) more cunning  
 (3) more difficult to  
 (4) more crowded  
 (5) most attractive  
 (6) oldest  
 (7) lightest  
 (8) worse  
 (9) easiest  
 (10) biggest.

**(C) Write down the correct sentence for the given incorrect ones:**

- Ans.** (1) Ajay is stronger than you  
 (2) His face is redder than yours.  
 (3) You are the best student of our class.  
 (4) Poornima is busier than you.  
 (5) what is latest news?

**Just For Fun:**

**Write the Adjectives from the box under the correct headings below:**

**Exercise**

**(A) Questions -**

**Q.1- Where did St.Martin spend his early life?**

**Ans.** St.Martin spend his early life in Hungary with his parents.

**Q.2- What did his parents say to his request for being baptized?**

**Ans.** His parents did not listen to him.

**Q.3- What do you mean by the word "Catechumen"?**

**Ans.** "Catechumen" means a person who wants to become a Christian and is being made ready for baptism.

**Q.4- What kind of a life did Martin lead as a soldier?**

**Ans.** Martin was brave and skillful in his work and lived a straight and good life as though he had become a Christian - as indeed he was in everything but name.

**(B) Questions -**

**Q.1- How is Malaria caused?**

**Ans.** Malaria is caused by the bites of mosquitoes.

**Q.2- Why is it bad to have pools of water near our houses?**

**Ans.** It is bad to have pools of water near our houses because their dirty water is the birth place of mosquitoes. Mosquitoes breed in foul and stagnant water.

**Q.3- What should we do if we have large pools of water near our house?**

**Ans.** It is good to pour a small quantity of kerosene oil into them from time to time. The oil will spread all over the pool and form a thin layer over the surface of water and prevent the mosquitoes from breeding.

**Q.4- How can we protect our body from mosquitoes at night?**

**Ans.** At night we should use nets to prevent the mosquitoes from biting.

**Chapter - 28 .****(Longer Compositions)****Exercise**

**(A) Write a brief report of the activities of the club "Nature Calls You" for publication in the school magazine. You are secretary of the club.**

**Chapter - 27 . (Comprehension Passages)****Exercise****Passage - I****Questions :****Q.1- What was the writer in a mood to do?****Ans.** The writer was in a mood to sing.**Q.2- Why did the writer stop crooning?****Ans.** The writer stopped crooning because the elderly passenger fell fast asleep and he did not want to disturb him.**Q.3- What did the writer do then?****Ans.** The writer then kept watching the countryside that unrolled itself as the train sped along.**Q.4. What did the elderly man do when he woke up?****Ans.** After two hours sleep the elderly man woke up and cast a smiling look at the writer.**Q.5- What did the writer do then?****Ans.** The writer felt encouraged and sang a melodious song.**Q.6- What did the people sitting around do?****Ans.** The people sitting around cheered the writer.**Passage - II****Questions :****Q.1- What type of newspapers should we avoid and why?****Ans.** We should avoid reading bad newspapers because bad newspapers indulge in giving sensational and often untrue reports, such newspapers try to incite communal friction.**Q.2. Why do we read newspapers?****Ans-** We read newspapers because of the following reasons-.

- (i) Newspapers provide us with daily news.
- (ii) They increase our general knowledge.
- (iii) They also increase our information.

**Q.3- Give the passage a suitable title.****Ans.** The suitable title is-  
"Importance of Newspapers"

Size	Quality	Shape	Colour	Origin	Material
tiny	old	triangular	grey	American	plastic
tall	rude	round	brown	Chinese	paper
deep	clever	square	white	European	woolen
low	different	oblong	blue	Pakistani	leather
	popular	straight	red	Italian	metal
	thick				

**Chapter - 11 .****(Adverbs)****Exercise****(A) Fill up the blanks with the Adverbs given in the box:**

- Ans.** (1) rudely (2) sweetly  
 (3) timely (4) never  
 (5) always (6) laboriously  
 (7) positively (8) late  
 (9) around (10) already  
 (11) wildly (12) enough  
 (13) slowly (14) yesterday  
 (15) everywhere

**(B) Re-write the following sentences choosing the appropriate words given in the bracket:**

- Ans.** (1) Sunil is quite strong.  
 (2) The sun is extremely hot.  
 (3) He is never late for office.  
 (4) Pooja sings sweetly.  
 (5) My friend was much pleased.  
 (6) The pot was almost full.  
 (7) Often I have told her to write quickly.  
 (8) She has enough food to last a week.  
 (9) The match was evenly balanced.  
 (10) Kanav was very tired.

**Just For Fun:**

(Do it yourself)

## Chapter - 12.

### (Preposition)

#### Exercise

(A) **Correct the following sentences. There is an error in each of them:**

- Ans. (1) The four friends distributed the money among them.  
(2) He jumped into the well to escape arrest.  
(3) What are you looking for?  
(4) She has been suffering from fever since last Sunday.  
(5) I have not met my father for a long time.  
(6) He is the boy whom I gave the book to.

(B) **Fill in the blanks with suitable Prepositions:**

- Ans. (1) to, into (2) from (3) with  
(4) for (5) at (6) in, from, to.

#### Just For Fun:

**Draw lines to match each complex Preposition with a simple Preposition that has the same meaning:**

- Ans. (1) on board — abroad  
(2) close to — near  
(3) in favour of — for  
(4) inspite of — despite  
(5) other than — except  
(6) by means of — by  
(7) next to — beside  
(8) on to top of — on  
(9) prior to — before  
(10) but for — without  
(11) with regard to — about  
(12) out of — from

## Chapter - 13.

### (Phrasal Verbs)

#### Exercise

(A) **Fill in the blanks space with one of the following phrases. Pay attention to the tense form of the verb:**

- Ans. (1) live up to (2) looking forward to

Rescue-operations were carried on and the situation was brought under control by the authorities.

(C) **Make advertisements for the following products:**

- (1) **For the sale of your old TV, draft an advertisement.**  
(2) **A private secondary school is established in your area. Write an advertisement on their behalf.**  
(3) **Write an advertisement on behalf of a food company that wants to launch baby-food..**

Ans- (1) **Sale of old TV:-**



An old TV- Samsung -32" is available for ready sale. Only individual buyer may  
Contact. Mobile - 74120027861

(2) **PATANJALI SECONDARY SCHOOL**  
Village : Ravan Devra (Dist. ALWAR)

ADMISSION  
O P E N

- \* From Nursery to class - X
- \* Special facilities for girls - students.
- \* Most qualified staff.
- \* Attractive Building and modern laboratories.
- \* Rich Library
- \* Nominal fees

(3)



Kalpvriksha

TAKAT - BABY - MILK POWDER  
and Biscuits  
Digestive & Healthy

Mfd. by : SETHI PROCESSING PVT. LTD.  
M.I.A., ALWAR -301001

**Ques.** D, E & F

**Ans.** (Do them yourself)

**(B) Write a paragraph on the following topics:**

**1. Energy**

**2. Accident**

**Ans. (1) Energy**

Man's physical comfort and happiness depend on his control of the force of Nature.

Science has given him this control and has contributed to his happiness by providing him all that he needs.

There is a great role of energy in man's happiness. Energy may be electrical, mechanical or atomic energy. The invention of electricity has greatly added to man's happiness. It lights our houses and streets, moves trains, works our factories, heats our rooms in winter and cools them in summer, cooks our food and washes and irons our clothes. Radio, TV and cinema function only due to electrical energy and provide recreation. Printing press and means of communication are doing their functions because of electrical energy.

Atomic Energy is now being utilized for peaceful purposes. It is a cheap source of electricity. This energy is responsible for running industries and factories.

**(2) Accident**

Our life is like a bubble in water. In the last month, when it was a misty morning, dark clouds gathered on the sky. Now and then it thundered and filled our hearts with horror. Our bus was running on a good speed. Suddenly our bus stopped with a jerk. Its engine was out of order and took much time to start again. The driver started to rash driving. Our bus was running on a bridge over a river. A tonga was standing in the middle of the road. A petrol tanker was coming from opposite direction. All the three vehicles collided and fell into the river. The tanker caught fire. Red flames rose up to sky. The scene of disaster was most horrible. Anyhow the passengers came to the bank quickly and saved their lives.

- |                   |                   |
|-------------------|-------------------|
| (3) catch up with | (4) put up with   |
| (5) do away with  | (6) get on with   |
| (7) get away with | (8) look down on  |
| (9) make up for   | (10) keep up with |

**Just For Fun :**

**Draw lines to match each phrasal verb with the correct definition:**

- Ans.**
- |                  |   |                  |
|------------------|---|------------------|
| (1) Put out      | → | extinguish       |
| (2) take after   | → | forget to take   |
| (3) grow up      | → | distinguish      |
| (4) stand for    | → | represent        |
| (5) keep up with | → | continue         |
| (6) change into  | → | become           |
| (7) break down   | → | stop working     |
| (8) go in for    | → | go as fast as    |
| (9) block off    | → | close completely |
| (10) carry on    | → | continue         |

**Chapter - 14. (Structure of Sentences)**

**Exercise**

**(A) Fill up the blanks with a suitable subject:**

- Ans.**
- |                  |                   |             |
|------------------|-------------------|-------------|
| (1) Mango        | (2) Mount Everest | (3) Jupiter |
| (4) Indian Ocean | (5) Lion          |             |

**(B) Pick out the object and complement in the given sentences:**

- Ans.**
- |                 |                  |               |
|-----------------|------------------|---------------|
| (1) him, badly  | (2) her, sweetly | (3) her, poor |
| (4) her, repent | (5) to protect   |               |

**(C) Fill up each blank with a suitable predicate:**

- Ans.**
- (1) live long
  - (2) are the fastest means of transport.
  - (3) men are stronger than women.
  - (4) is progressing day by day.
  - (5) crowd was very sad.
  - (6) belong to tiger's class.
  - (7) hides the secrets.

- (8) bring milk daily
- (9) smell sweet.
- (10) read interesting stories.

**(D) Pick out the Direct and Indirect Objects in the sentences:**

- Ans.**
- (1) in the jungle (D.O.)
  - (2) son (I.O.), a painting (D.O.)
  - (3) heat and light (D.O.)
  - (4) beggar (I.D.), rupee (D.O.)
  - (5) Meera (I.O.), a car (D.O.)

**Chapter - 15. (The Phrase and the Clause)**  
**Exercise**

**(A) Underline the Clauses in the following sentences and tell the kind of each:**

- Ans.**
- (1) Noun clause
  - (2) Adverbial clause
  - (3) Adverbial clause
  - (4) Noun clause
  - (5) Adverbial clause
  - (6) Adverbial clause
  - (7) Adjective clause
  - (8) Adverbial clause
  - (9) Adjective clause
  - (10) Noun clause.

**(B) Fill in the suitable Clause-**

- Ans.**
- (1) Which Adjective clauses was made of thick cloth.
  - (2) Who help themselves.
  - (3) Who reads in my class.
  - (4) Which I have him yesterday.
  - (5) They never fail who work hard.

**Adverb Clauses-**

- (1) Where Manish was sleeping.
- (2) If you work hard you will get success.
- (3) Do not go out when it rains.
- (4) We eat because our body needs energy.

Making fun of his performance will add fuel to fire.

- (6) Call the tune = To be in control

The media said that the situation was called in tune.

- (7) To end in smoke = fruitless end

The meeting ended in smoke

- (8) To face the music = To face opposition.

New teachers have to face the music of the first day in their classes.

- (9) To sell like hot cakes = Sold immediately

This book sold like hot cakes and had to be reprinted.

- (10) To bury the hatchet = To leave enmity.

The two neighbours have buried the hatchet and because friends again

**Chapter - 26. (Short Compositions)**  
**Exercise**

**(A) Write a Notice on the following topic:**

**Suppose you are the President of a club named "Science for All." Now issue a public Notice warning people to avoid watching. Solar Eclipse with their naked eyes:**

**Ans.**

**"SCIENCE for All Club"**

**(M. Gandhi Public School, Balotra)**

**PUBLIC NOTICE** 25 July, 20 \_\_ \_\_

All the people living in the surrounding areas are hereby warned about viewing the Solar Eclipse. Watching Solar Eclipse with naked eyes is very very harmful.

So all are advised to avoid watching Solar Eclipse with their naked eyes.

Sd/-

President

"Science for All" Club



- 3- Umpire  
5- Bathroom  
7- Kidnap
- 4- Tripedal  
6- Inevitable  
8- Imposter

**(C) Write the Synonyms of the following words:**

- Ans.** 1- event  
3- attain  
5- lonely  
7- attain  
9- Shameful
- 2- overthrow  
4- frighten  
6- slender  
8- egotist  
10- Caution

**(D) Write the Antonyms of the following words:**

- Ans.** 1. agree  
4. disapprove  
7. early  
10. obtainable
2. shrink/contract  
5. repel  
8. refuse
3. fine  
6. care for  
9. deny/reject

**Chapter - 25 . (Some Useful Phrases and Idioms)**

**Exercise**

**(A) Match the Idioms with their meanings:**

- | Idioms                               | Meaning                    |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------------|
| <b>Ans.</b> 1. To be chicken hearted | = Cowardly                 |
| 2. In black and white                | = in writing               |
| 3. To carry the day                  | = To win                   |
| 4. To be a laughing stock            | = to be a butt of laughter |
| 5. To Poke one's nose into           | = to interfere             |

**(B) Write the meaning of the following idioms and make the sentences using them:**

- Ans.** (1) To hold water = To Prove sound  
Your argument does not hold water in this case.
- (2) To keep an eye on = To watch  
The police keeps an eye on the vagabonds.
- (3) To carry the day = To win  
In World Cup, Indian cricket team carried the day.
- (4) To bring to light = To disclose  
The police brought many facts to light.
- (5) To add fuel to fire = To excite

- (5) They fought so that they might defend their country.

**Noun Clauses-**

- (1) He spends so much that nobody can believe.  
(2) She says that she must pass this year.  
(3) We know well that you are a sincere student.  
(4) Do you know that Ramesh is guilty.  
(5) Can you guess what he told me about the results?

**Chapter - 16 . (Simple, Complex and Compound sentences)**

**Exercise**

**(A) Answer each question with a full sentence of the type shown in brackets:**

- Ans.** (1) I live in a house.  
(2) I am vegetarian so how should I cook the chicken?  
(3) I want to know why you are laughing.  
(4) I know the number of legs in a spider.  
(5) We know the place of putting these books.  
(6) No one knows the starting time of the show.  
(7) I don't know what the meaning of a sow is.  
(8) As I am unaware, you can tell me the meaning of an orphan.  
(9) I hope that you have told Grandma about the good news.  
(10) I got up this morning and I did my home work.

**(B) Re-write these sentences adding a clause of your own to make them into complex sentences. You should put some of the clauses at the beginning, some in the middle and some at the end:**

- Ans.** (1) I stayed there till the party ended.  
(2) Mom did not say anything but she was worried.  
(3) Joy has a lot of money which he himself earned.  
(4) Grandpa recovered soon and then he felt much better.  
(5) Although the battery is new but it is fully charged.  
(6) The letter has come just now and it is from Ajay.  
(7) The old prison has been constructed again and it has been modified into luxury apartments.

- (8) Although the photos have come out but they do not look very well.  
 (9) I noticed a book store but it had been newly opened.  
 (10) Although we have talked over this topic but we shall talked more about it in the next lesson.

**(B) Re-write each of these pairs of simple sentences as a Compound or Complex sentence. Use a different Conjunction or Relative pronoun each time:**

- Ans.** (1) The car stopped and a smartly dressed man got out.  
 (2) Anna drew the curtains after she had closed the window.  
 (3) Although Tanmay pushed the door but it did not open.  
 (4) If we can bring a swimsuit, we may go swimming.  
 (5) Since Uncle Ajay is afraid of flying, so he never travels by air.  
 (6) Although Mary did not think of much chance of winning, yet she entered the competition.  
 (7) This car is quite cheap to run because it uses less fuel in comparison to our old one.  
 (8) Since the front tyre of my bicycle was flat, so I pumped it up.

**Chapter - 17. (Noun Clauses)**  
**Exercise**

**(A) Combine each set of sentences such that the Subordinate Clause is a Noun Clause:**

- Ans.** (1) I don't know when the bus will arrive.  
 (2) I know that the teacher will accept my apology.  
 (3) She told me that she will return soon.  
 (4) Everybody knows that Malaria is spread by mosquitoes.  
 (5) Do you know why Tarun is absent today.

**(B) Complete each of these main Clauses by adding a suitable Noun Clause. The words given in the brackets will help you:**

- Ans.** (1) I asked her what she is afraid of.  
 (2) I know the reason who does not want to participate in

- (5) The bus is going to be late. Don't you think so?  
 (6) It's known that Mother Mary gave birth to Jesus in Manger.  
 (7) Sanjay and Sushil are at the market.

**Just For Fun:**

Combine these sentences in pairs to make eight longer sentences with a dash in the middle of each one:

- (1) The car won't start - The battery must be flat.  
 (2) The fog was too thick - We could not see where we were going.  
 (3) Jay looks nice - It's time for lunch.  
 (4) Sammer was not at school today - He has a bad cold.  
 (5) There is plenty for everybody - Help yourselves to food and drink.  
 (6) There's a nice restaurant near here. - Mum is cross with my brother.  
 (7) I wonder where she bought the dress. - He split cola on the new rug.  
 (8) Do you have his phone number? - Puneet might know the answer.

**Chapter - 24. (Word Power)**  
**Exercise**

**(A) Write substitute of the following single words:**

- Ans.** 1- **Bunker** : A receptacle for storing coal.  
 2- **Gang** : A collection of slaves  
 3- **Casino** : A place with gambling tables.  
 4- **Troupe** : A number of artists, dancers or acrobats  
 5- **Orchard** : enclosed piece of land with fruit trees.  
 6- **Zoology** : scientific study of animals.  
 7- **Physician** : specialist in medical diagnosis and treatment  
 8- **Poultry** : Domestic fowls

**(B) Write one word for the following:**

- Ans.** 1- Feathepen 2- Irreparable

- (6) All will respect you if you are honest.
- (7) He is very rich, still he is not happy.
- (8) Being tired, she laid her work aside.
- (9) Since the Bank was closed, we could not get any money.
- (10) Since the lecture was over, we returned home.

## Chapter - 22 . (Direct and Indirect Speech)

### Exercise

#### (A) Change the following into Indirect Speech:

- Ans.** (1) Renu asked her maid not to stand there.  
 (2) He advised us to work hard.  
 (3) She ordered me to stand up.  
 (4) I proposed to Vijay that we should go to Mall.  
 (5) She asked me to wait there till she came.

#### (B) Change the following sentences into Indirect Speech:

- Ans.** (1) The teacher asked the boy why he was not going home.  
 (2) She asked me if the tea was ready then.  
 (3) She asked me if her brother was there.  
 (4) Sonali asked Monal why she did not come with her.  
 (5) Manu asked Ritu if he might have her pen.  
 (6) The stranger asked me if I could tell him the way.  
 (7) He asked me if his brother was there.  
 (8) The mother told me that she would give me a doll.  
 (9) He told me that ten comes after nine.  
 (10) He told me that he was very thirsty.

## Chapter - 23 . (Punctuations and Capital Letters)

### Exercise

#### (A) Each of the following sentences has two Punctuation marks missing. Find them and re-write the sentences correctly:

- Ans.** (1) Mr. Ajay is always wrong.  
 (2) A teacher has a B.Ed. degree.  
 (3) They asked, "Where are the sheep?"  
 (4) If you have finished the letter go and post it.

activities.

- (3) I strongly believe that everyone wants to get government job.
- (4) No one can say who the new prime Minister will be.
- (5) I don't know how we can reach the station.

#### (C) Identify the Noun clauses in these sentences and state their functions:

- Ans.** (1) "he will see me today" ("if" is a conjunction)  
 (2) "what he wants?" (Conjunction is omitted)  
 (3) "It might snow" (Presumption)  
 (4) "why you are late" (Cause)  
 (5) "he will be well" (Expectation)  
 (6) "he has won the race" (Belief)  
 (7) what he decides. (dependence)  
 (8) he will be there. (Expectation)  
 (9) "when he is scheduled to arrive" (Unawareness)  
 (10) 'was a true act to bravery' (Declaration)

## Chapter - 18 . (Adjective Clauses)

### Exercise

#### (A) Underline the Adjective Clauses in these sentences and point out the Noun or the Pronoun they qualify:

- Ans.** (1) The reason why she failed is this.  
 (2) He laughs best who laughs last.  
 (3) The house that we lived in is in ruins.  
 (4) The man who is at the desk is a senior clerk.  
 (5) The car that is red belongs to Mrs. Talwar.  
 (6) The rivers that flow down from the Himalayas are fed by glaciers.  
 (7) I forgot to tell you the time when we will reach home.  
 (8) The committee accepted every proposal that we submitted.  
 (9) There is a stray dog in our neighbourhood that follows me everywhere.

(10) I did not understand the question that you asked.

**(B) Join these sets of sentences by turning the second sentence into an Adjective Clause:**

- Ans.** (1) I like the Italian footballer who scored the winning goal.  
(2) He bought a plot of land which is near the airport.  
(3) The mangoes in the box are ripe.  
(4) A beautiful poem, written by a young girl, was published in the school magazine.  
(5) The train was going to Jaipur which is two hundred kilometers away.  
(6) Burglars broke into a shop that sells clothes.  
(7) My grandmother had a big garden where she grew fruits.  
(8) I would like to visit the town where I was born.

**Chapter - 19 . (Adverb Clauses)**

**Exercise**

**(A) Combine each set of sentences with Adverb Clauses as indicated in the brackets:**

- Ans.** (1) So unwell Ritu felt that she went to see the doctor.  
(2) The little boy crying as he had broken his favourite pencil.  
(3) So sultry was it that I felt dehydrated.  
(4) Keep the document wherever the place is safe.  
(5) As the children were having a good time, they refused to leave the park.  
(6) Stand up straight so that I can measure your height.  
(7) In case it starts raining, we will then stop driving.  
(8) Provided that I am not an athlete, still I will complete in the race.  
(9) The squirrel was collecting nuts till I watched it.  
(10) The men cut down the trees so that they could dig a well there.

**(B) Combine each set of sentences such that the subordinate Adverb Clause is an Adverb Clause:**

- Ans.** (1) I had left for school before she came.

- (2) My father enjoys good health though he is old.  
(3) No sooner did the thief see two men approaching than he fled.  
(4) When the police advanced at great speed. The dacoits fled.  
(5) Since they made so much noise that I could not study.  
(6) She cried as if her heart would break.  
(7) She was fined because she had kept the book for too long.  
(8) As I know I shall return.

**Chapter - 20 . (Relative Clauses)**

**Exercise**

**(A) Join the following pairs of sentences using whose, that, which, who or where:**

- Ans.** (1) Here's some news that will interest you.  
(2) Did you post the letters that were on my desk?  
(3) The teacher punished some boys who had arrived late.  
(4) The girls suddenly appeared who we were talking about.  
(5) I don't like people who talk too much.  
(6) I lost the money that I borrowed from Rajan.  
(7) This is the hotel where they are staying.  
(8) There is the woman whose hand bag was stolen.

**(B) Put in who, that or which where necessary. Where the Relative Pronoun can be left out, Put a cross (×)**

- Ans.** (1) who (2) which (3) × (4) ×  
(5) who (6) that (7) × (8) ×

**Chapter - 21 . (Combination of Sentences)**

**Exercise**

**(A) Join each of the following pairs of Simple Sentences into a single sentence:**

- Ans.** (1) Since the meeting was over, all the people went home.  
(2) Though he tried his best, he failed in the test.  
(3) He was hanged because he had committed murder.  
(4) He was so tired that he could scarcely stand.  
(5) You must work hard otherwise you will never pass.