	Every Day English Grammar : Class-6
Cl	napter - 1.
	1. The Sentence
	Exercise
Δ	The words given below have been jumbled. Put them back in the

		1. Th	e Sentence		
		E	Exercise		
A.	_		oeen jumbled. Put ences. One has bee	them back in their en done for you.	righ
	1. Nisha is a	very good girl.			
	2. Delhi is the	e capital of India.			
	3. Why are y	ou late today?			
	4. You should	l never tell a lie.			
	5. My father	shall go to the ma	rket.		
В.			ps of words are s s and 'S' for Sent	sentences and whice ences.	h ar
	1. S	2. S	3. P		
	4. S	5. P			
C.	Add a suitable complete them	_	box below to the fo	ollowing sentences s	o as t
	1. in the classr	room	2. wild anin	nals.	
	3. in the house	e	4. Once upo	on a time	
	5. from the mar	rket.			
D.			the following? M with (C) and exclar	ark statements wit mations with (E).	h (S
	1. S	2. S	3. Q		
	4.E	5. C			
E	_	make the sentence		rtive or an interrog dicating whether th	_
	1. Why are y	ou not going to s	chool today?	(I)	
	2. Amit lives	in Delhi.		(\mathbf{A})	
	3. We are goi	ng to Mumbai on	Friday.	(\mathbf{A})	
	4. How many	chocolates have	you eaten?	(I)	
	5. She goes to	o school daily.		(\mathbf{A})	
-	D 41	0 11	• 4• 4		

- $\label{eq:continuous} E \quad \text{Rearrange the following to form imperative sentences.}$
 - 1. Put on your uniform.
 - 2. Do not get down a moving train.

- 3. A good health is must for a healthy lifestyle.
- 4. Keep quiet.
- 5. Do not make noise in the temple.

$\textbf{G.} \quad \textbf{Rearrange the following to form exclamatory sentences.}$

- 1. What a terrible storm it is!
- 2. Alas! Our principal is no more.
- 3. What an intelligent boy he is!
- 4. What an intelligent man was Dr. Kalam!
- 5. What a phenomenal performance it was!
- 6. Hurrah! We have won the match.

Chapter - 2

Affirmative and Negative Sentences

Exercise

A. Change the following affirmative sentences into negative.

- 1. Nobody likes him.
- 2. Radha did not eat your share of mangoes.
- 3. I shall not give you anything to eat.
- 4. He will not take you to Delhi.
- 5. Nobody can give you fifty rupees.
- 6. Nobody stole my pan.
- 7. Bhavani does not live anywhere near the temple.
- 8. Nisha did not give her anything very costly.
- 9. He cannot reply to these questions.
- 10. They will not play cricket in the afternoon.

B. Make affirmative sentences out of the following negative sentences.

- 1. The labourers worked hard.
- 2. Somebody was there in the house.
- 3. Divya eats something on Mondays.
- 4. I agree to what he says.
- 5. Priya will take you to the park tomorrow.
- 6. Jeevan gave me something.
- 7. She speaks Hindi.
- 8. Somebody moved in the crowd.
- 9. They eat banana.

[2] English Grammar - VI

life of the house. Moreover, it will impart beauty to the house. Therefore, please spare some time and come here to observe all these defects yourself. We are ready to increase rent after repairing.

With thanks-

Yours faithful

Ram Sharan Sharma

Tenent

Q.7. Write a letter to a friend describing your favourite hobby. Ans.

115, Adarsh Nagar

Ajmer.

10th August, 20__

My dear Friend,

I received your letter today. I was happy to read it. You have asked me about my hobby. I tell you that gardening is my favourite hobby. By God's grace, we have some extra space in the back yard of our house. It seemed to be suitable for gardening. I planted saplings of Ashoka tree, chrismus- tree and different varieties of flower plants. I also sowed seeds of green vegetables, potato, tomato, etc. in my garden. I water these plants daily in the morning. I also use compost and fertilizers for the betterment of the plants. Consequently we get fresh flowers and vegetables from this garden. My parents praise my efforts. Please come and visit my garden yourself.

With Sincere love _ Yours lovingly,

Bhopal Singh

10 .We speak French.

C. Change the following sentences into negative.

- 1. Do not write an application for leave.
- 2. Do not shut the door please.
- 3. Do not run to catch the bus.
- 4. Do not meet your friends.
- 5. Do not call him
- 6. He has not come home.
- 7. Do not open the window please.
- 8. Do not come here.
- 9. Do not mind your language.
- 10. Do not clap your hands.

D. Change the following sentences into negative.

- 1. Do not send your application for leave.
- 2. Do not open all the windows please.
- 3. Do not meet your colleagues.
- 4. Do not call her in your office.
- 5. She has not gone home.
- 6. We are not learning French.
- 7. We will not go tomorrow.

Chapter - 3. (Subject and Predicate) Exercise

(A) Circle the subject and underline the predicate in each sentence?

Ans.	Subject	Predicate
	1 . India	is a peninsula.
	2. (You)	obey your teacher.
	3. A burnt child	dreads the fire.
	4. Birds	fly in the sky.
	5. You	may — live long.
	6. The strong wind	Did—blow?
	7. I	May — ask you a question?
	8. The fruit of labour	sweet is.
	9. The bus station	was crowded.
	10 . it	What a charming sight — is!

(B) Complete the following sentences by supplying a suitable subject:

Ans. (1) Might

(2) A clock

(3) The sun

(4) India

(5) December

(6) Mahatma Gandhi

(7) Mount Everest

(8) Exercise

(9) Flowers (10) My watch.

(C) Complete the following sentences by supplying Predicates:

Ans. (1) is on the wall.

(2) is there in the market.

(3) is a very bad habit.

(4) are very dense.

(5) is celebrated on 14th November.

(6) is very dangerous.

(7) is very laborious.

(8) is hiding behind the clouds.

(D) Column A gives a list of subjects and column B a list of predicates. Match subjects with their predicates:

Ans. (1) My painting \rightarrow was praised by everybody.

- (2) The thief \rightarrow escaped from the jail.
- (3) The accident \rightarrow was not very serious.
- (4) Only hard → working students secure good marks.
- (5) Every Indian \rightarrow should be proud of India.
- (6) All the matches \rightarrow ended in a draw.
- (7) Mohit's grandmother \rightarrow is more than eighty years old.
- (8) The driver \rightarrow could not stop the car in time.

Just For Fun:

(Do it yourself)

Chapter - 4: (The Noun - Kinds of Nouns)

Exercise

(A) Rewrite the following sentences correctly. Use capital letters where necessary:

Ang

- (1) The Taj Mahal is in Agra.
- (2) Delhi is the capital of India.
- (3) Ashoka was a great king.
- (4) The Himalayas are the highest mountains.
- (5) Queen Elizabeth is the queen of England.

Q.5. Write a letter to your elder brother describing the Annual Day celebrations of your school.

Ans.

3, Vikas Path,

Alwar

24th November, 20 _ _

My dear Brother,

I am happy here and hope you are also happy there. You will be glad to know that are school organized the Annual Day function last week. I also took active part in the decoration of the stage. There was a long list of participants. Some students took part in cultural activities. Others took part in literary activities. I took part in dance and music. The Collector of our district was the chief guest. He arrived on them. Our Principal and Staff-members garlanded him. The function started with Sarasvati - Prayer, then cultural programmers were presented. There after come the literary programmes. Our Principal read out the Annual Report of the School. Lastly, the chief guest delivered his speech. Children were happy to have sweets and fruits. Everyone went home when the function was over.

Thanking you

Yours Sincerely,

Pratibha Sharma.

Q.6. Write a letter to your house-owner asking him to do the necessary repairs to your house.

Ans.

28, Shiva-Dham,

Kota.

2nd March, 20 _ _

Dear Uncle

You have helped us in a big way to give your house on rent to us. But we are feeling for the last two months that his house needs repairing. The plaster of some walls and roofs has broken. The floors of the rooms have pits on many places. The water - supplying pipes also have leakage so necessary repairs are needed immediately. Repairing will lengthen the

Subject: Inclusion of name in the list.

Sir,

With due respect I beg to say that I have got the permission of my parents to go on the trip. Therefore, kindly include my name in the list of students who are going on the trip. I have already deposited the required amount in school office.

Thanking you

Yours Obediently,

Prakash B.Kamat

Class-VI

Q.4. You are a student's of Hotel Management undergoing training. Write a letter to your friend explaining the subject.

Ans.

17, Manav Dharm Colony,

Dadhial

5th March, 20 _ _

My dear Suprakash

You will be glad to know that I have already completed a whole session of Hotel Management Course in the previous month. Now, I am undergoing practical training. The venue of training is the most attractive and interesting hotel. Name of this hotel is "Lake View Hotel, Udaipur." During this practical training. I will learn how to receive the guests, how to manage their stay in the best way and how to manage site scenes. After completion of this training I will get permanent job in any hotel of public or private sector. Rest is ok. Please convey my best regards to your parents.

Thanking you

Yours Sincerely,

Amit Rishi

- (6) The Ganga is a holy river is India.
- (7) The Earth has a natural satellite.
- (8) Plato was a great scholar of Greece.

(B) Fill correct collective nouns is the following blanks. Choose the words from the box given below:

Ans. (1) cattle (2) sticks (3) stones (4) players (5) ships (6) cards (7) Musicians (8) members (9) books (10) robbers (11) students (12) grapes

(C) Identify kinds of nouns given in the box and write them in the columns that follow:

Ans.	Common	Proper	Collective	Material	Abstract	
	Nouns	Nouns	Nouns	Nouns	Nouns	
	Table	Mount	flock	Glass	laughter	
		Everest	cluster	Butter	Life	
				Paper	Childhood	
	Pencil	January	Heap			
	Dog	Chemistry	Army	Cane	Youth	
	Car		Europe	Steel	Joy	
	Path		Herd	Corn	Falsehood	
	Gift		Map		cruelty	
	Chair					

(D) Underline the Nouns in the sentences below and say whether they are countable:

Ans. (1) Hair (uncountable)

- (2) noise (uncountable)
- (3) Sudden Noise (uncountable)
- (4) iron (uncountable)
- (5) bridge (countable)
- (6) painting (countable)

(E) Complete the sentences by choosing an appropriate word from the brackets:

Ans. (1) wood (2) China clay (3) Paper (4) milk (5) Clay (6) Nylon

[5]

English Grammar - VI

	(7) wool	(8) Plastic	
(F)	Fill in the blan	ıks with abstract n	ouns formed from the words
	in brackets:		
Ans.	(1) Truth	(2) knowledge	(3) laughter
	(4) strength	(5) kindness	(6) excitement
	(7) jealousy	(8) reality	(9) promotion
	(10) confusion		
Just F	or Fun:		
(Note	- Do it yourself))	
Chap	ter - 5 :	(Number and C	Gender)
		Exercise	
(A)	Tick (\checkmark) the	correct nouns giv	en in colour:
Ans.	(1) teeth, tooth	1	
	(2) ten rupee,	ten rupee	
	(3) words, wo	rd	
	(4) address, ad	ddresses	
	(5) kilograms,	kilogram	
(B)	Give the plur	al of the following	g:
Ans.	teeth, shoes, cl	liffs, deer, heroes, o	children, ladies, tomatoes,
	stories, piano	os, step-children,	roofs, geese, deer, halves,
		lives, chilies, prin	cesses, studios, hair, lotteries,
	foot.		
(C)		_	es by changing the nouns in
		•	ou will have to make some
	other change		
Ans.		spare <u>keys</u> to the fi	
	•	ing bags and case	
	•		means of transport.
	•	has <u>cows, goats, sl</u>	-
		en were reading a s	·
(D)		inine gender of th	e e
Ans.	•		ess, mistress, mare, wife, hunt-
	ress, widow, h	en, vixen, peahen	, priestess, princess, heroine,

e-g. Yours Obediently, (Name) Basant Pandit Class- VI Q.2. Write the format of a Letter in the box below:-
Class- VI Q.2. Write the format of a Letter in the box below:-
Q.2. Write the format of a Letter in the box below:-
Address of the writes
eg.
185, Krishana colony,
Jaipur
With Date 15th sept.,20
Salutation-
e-g. My dear Tarun
Body: Message to be conveyed
Subscription
e-g. Yours Sincerely,
(Name) eg. Ratan
(1 (4110) 08.144411
Address of the Receiver
e.g. Mr. Bharat Vyas
25, V.I.P.Road
Chandigarh.
(Pin:)
Q.3- Write an application to the Principal requesting to include
your name in the list of students going on a trip.
Ans.
15, September, 20
The Principal
R.G. Public School,
Solan (H.P.)

(3) The poet has called this life poor because it doesn't have
time to see the nature and its surroundings.

Write the gist of the poem is your own words-**(B)**

Gist of the poem -Ans.

The poet calls such a life poor, in which we do not have time to stand under the boughts, to see sheep or cows, squirrels hiding nuts, to look at the starts in the sky at night, and to see Beauty's dance.

Passage - III

Answer the following questions:-**(A)**

(1) Kofi Annan was the secretary - General of the United Ans. Nations.

> (2) He completely changed the face of the U.N. through reforms. He strengthened the organization, maintained peace and security. He helped the developing countries.

Fill in the blanks:-**(B)**

(1) Kofi Annan Ans.

(2) development

(3) Peace and security

(4) terrorism

Chapter - 22:

(Letter - Writing) **Exercise**

Write the format of an application in the box below: 0.1-

Address of the officer

eg.The Principal

Rashtriya Public

School, Dhanbad.

Subject-

Salutation

Body	eg. What is to be conveyed

madam, mother-in-law, niece, waitress, sister.

Rewrite the following sentences by changing the gender. **(E)** You will have to make some other change too:

(1) His wife is a teacher.

- (2) The lioness sprang at the ox.
- (3) My father is a doctor, but his sister is an engineer.
- (4) The huntress aimed at the tigress but missed the aim.
- (5) The bride is the daughter of a countess.
- (6) The Duchess wants to see her son.
- (7) He is a widower. His wife died two years ago.
- (8) The husband asked his servant to bring a glass of water for his wife.

Just For Fun:

(Note - Do it yourself)

Chapter - 6:

(The Pronouns)

Exercise

In the following sentences, fill in the blanks with suitable (A) **Relative Pronouns:**

what, which, what, as, whose, who, that, who. Ans.

Pick out the Pronouns and tell the kind of each: **(B)**

Ans. (1) each other (Reciprocal Pronoun)

- (2) somebody (Indefinite Pronoun)
- (3) what (Relative Pronoun)
- (4) Neither (Distributive Pronoun)
- (5) what (Interrogative Pronoun)
- (6) who (Relative Pronoun)
- (7) Those (Demonstrative Pronoun)
- (8) you, she (personal Pronouns)
- (9) me (personal Pronoun)
- (10) that (Relative Pronoun)

In the following sentences, use the correct forms of **(C)** interrogative pronouns:

Ans. (1) Who (2) Which

(3) Whose

(4) What

English Grammar - VI

	(5) What (6)) Whom (7)	Whom (8) What		(3) Robinso	n wanted to reach	any port in the	e storm.
(D)	D) Fill in the blanks with suitable Reflexive or Emphatic				(4) Padam h	as jack of all trade	es but master i	n none.
	Pronouns:				(5) She mad	e a lane excuse for	r her mistake.	
Ans.	(1) himself	(2) himself	(3) ourselves		(6) His dema	ands are like reach	n for the moon	•
	(4) itself	(5) yourself	(6) herself	Chap	oter - 21 :	(Comprehens	ion Skills)	
	(7) myself	(8) ourselves				Exercis	se	
(E)	Rewrite the follo	wing sentences	correctly:	rrectly: Passage - I				
Ans.	(1) I am n't going to pay my takes if I don't get proper facilities.(2) She doesn't like to praise herself.(3) Why doesn't he play with his own toys?			(A)	Tick (✓) th	e correct option:		
				Ans.	1. What lead	ls to adult obesity	?	
					(a) Childl	nood Obesity.		
	(4) I am your trave		•		2. What sho	uld be the foremos	st goal of obes	e children?
	(5) They are thems	•				ntain weight.		
	(6) He kept me wa				3. Which dis	sease in caused du	e the obesity?	
	(7) Their teacher is	C			(d) All of			
Just F	or Fun:				4. What is th	e main cause of o	besity?	
_					(b) Lack of	of physical activity	у.	
(Note - Do it yourself) Chapter - 7: (Adjectives)		(B)	Answer the	following questi	ons:-			
Chap	ici - 7 .	Exercise		Ans.	(1) Genetics	and family enviro	nment leads to	obesity.
(A)	Use the adjecti		he hay to complete the		(2) Weight	gain and over w	eight are the	consequences of
(A)	 Use the adjectives given in the box to complete the following expressions: 			obesity in ch	ildren.			
Ans.		(2) brave	(3) big		(3) Heart dis	sease, cancer and	diabetes occu	r in obese person.
1113.	• •	(5) blue	(6) light	(C)	Fill in the b	lanks:		
	· / I	(8) innocent	(9) faithful	Ans.	(1) Children	(2) Physical	(3) treating	(4) cholesterol
	(10) firm.	(6) IIIIocciii	(<i>9)</i> faithful	(D)	What woul	d you suggest on	obese friend	l to maintain his
(D)	` /	naa Undanlin	e the adjective of quality.		her weight?			
(B)			pposite adjective:	Ans.	Suggestion	S -		
A mc					(1) Reduce the body weight.			
Ans.	 The teacher called my dog stupid. My affectionate aunt sent me a cheap gift. These raw mangoes are sour. She an ungrateful and rough old woman. 				(2) Be activ	ve and turn off the	Television.	
					(3) Develo	p healthy eating ha	bits.	
					(4) Do phys	sical activities.		
						Passa	age - II	
	(5) My father is <u>cruel</u> to the <u>rich</u> people.(6) Jimmy saw a tiny anaconda in the deep lake.			(A)	Answer the	following questi	ons:-	
	(b) Jimmy saw a <u>ti</u>	ny anaconda in 1	ine <u>deep</u> lake.	Ans.	(1) Squirrels	hide their must in	grass.	
					(2) The sky i	s full of stars.		
		[8]	English Grammar - VI			[25]	1	English Grammar - V

(B)	Insert Commas wherever necessary in the following	sen-
	tences:	

(1) Alexander, the conqueror of the world, realized his mistake.

- (2) Jagat is handsome, intelligent and sincere.
- (3) He is, in my opinion, a sincere person.
- (4) If you need my help, write to me.
- (5) Mr. Gupta, the principal of the school, addressed the students.

Punctuate the following passage: **(C)**

What an exciting time, we had last night. I had hardly gone to bed when I was awakened by the loud cries of fire going to the roof. I saw in the distance a red glow in the sky. It was mighty conflagration. I hurried out of the house and was soon on the road. There I found crowds of people hurrying to the scene after winding through a number of roads use, at last, reached the place.

Just For Fun:

(Do it yourself)

Chapter - 20: (One Word Substitution) Exercise

Write one word for the following expressions: (A)

(1) Dentist Ans(2) Kennel

(3) Zoo

(4) Honorary

(5) Pedestrian (6) Transparent

(7) Cluster

(8) Tannery

Match the meaning with the Phrasal Verbs:-**(B)**

(1) stand for — represent, signify, imply Ans.

- (2) knock out strike to ground, demolish
- (3) give up resign, cease from
- (4) calm down To be silent / Become calm.
- (5) throw away discard as unwanted.
- (6) jump all over rise suddenly.
- (7) slip up make mistake.

Make sentences by using the following idioms:-**(C)**

(1) Ramesh is expert in passing fancy. Ans.

(2) Indian soldiers were fighting tooth and nail.

Choose the correct adjective and fill in. Mention its type **(C)** in the box.

(1) My sister has three daughters. Ans.

- (2) Which cricket player is your favourite?
- (3) Each dress in fashionable.
- (4) I don't know much about Europe.
- (5) There are twelve months in a year.

Write the comparative and superlative degrees of the **(D)** following adjectives:

(1) **fit**: fitter, fittest Ans.

(2) large: larger, largest

(3) big: bigger, biggest

(4) **fine**; finer, finest

(5) **far**: farther, farthest

(6) **thin**: thinner, thinest

(7) **bad**: worse, worst

(8) **noisy**: noiser, noisest

Tick (\checkmark) the correct adjective in each sentence: **(E)**

(1) clean (2) oldest (3) more beautiful Ans. (4) slowest.

Taking the clues from the words given in the brackets, fill **(F)** up the blanks with the suitable degrees of comparison:

Ans. (1) more intelligent

(2) best

(3) worse

(4) more difficult language

(5) largest

Just For Fun:

(Note - Do it yourself)

Chapter - 8:

(Determiners)

Exercise

Fill in the blanks with "a little", the "little" or little: (A)

Ans. (1) a little

(2) a little

(3) little

(4) the little

Fill in the blanks with 'much' or 'many'-**(B)**

Ans. (1) much

(2) Many

(3) much

(4) much

Just For Fun:

(Note - Do it yourself)

Chapter - 9:		(T	he Verb)				
Спир		,	xercise	,				
(A)	Read each sentence and underline the Verb. Then write							
,	whether they	are verb	s of 'doi	ng', 'being' o	or 'possession'	:		
Ans.	(1) finished	(2) thre	w	(3) hopped	i			
	(4) floated	(5) roa	red	(6) read				
	(7) gave	(8) is sp	eaking	(9) gulped	l			
	(10) attacked							
(B)	Complete th	e followin	g senten	ices-				
Ans.	(1) this book	(2) a	doctor	(3) blue				
	(4) in the gard	en (5) so	our	(6) the first	prime minister			
(C)	Fill in the bla	ınks with s	suitable	Auxiliary Vo	erbs:			
Ans.	(1) should	(2) must	(3) mus	st (4) coul	ld (5) could	l		
(D)	Underline t	he main	verb in	the senter	nce. Write it	S		
	infinitive in t	he given b	lank:					
Ans.	(1) to use	(2) to use	e (3	3) to snap	(4) to sail			
	(5) to chop	(6) to pro	epare (7) to gaze	(8) to draw			
(E)	Make meaningful sentences. Underline the Gerund used							
	in each sente	ence as a s	ubject:					
Ans.	(1) Playing a g	game is exc	iting.					
	(2) Reading a book is interesting.							
	(3) Jumping o	(3) Jumping over the wall is dangerous.						
	(4) Climbing a	a tree is uns	afe.					
	(5) Skipping a	a rope is ea	sy.					
	(6) Giving a sp	peech is diff	ficult.					
	(7) Running d	own the sta	airs is dar	ngerous.				
	(8) Playing or	the road is	s unsafe.					
	(9) Hopping tr	affic lights	is fun.					
Just F	or Fun:							
Here	are the things	you use t	o make	tea. Write	down the step	S		
C 41.								

for the procedure using infinitives.

First, I use a gas lighter to light the gas stove. Then, I take some water in the pot. I put the pot on the gas stove. I add some sugar to boiling water. After a few minutes I add a little tea-leaves to it.

Here are a few sets of sentences. Combine each to them **(D)** by using the conjunctions given in the brackets:

(1) I know the reason, Why has Shobhit left the school. Ans.

- (2) He may be very brave, however he cannot face a lion.
- (3) Because the market is closed, you cannot by your book today.
- (4) Unless she practise more, she will not win the race.
- (5) Keep trying till you succeed.
- (6) As I am ill, I cannot take part in the match.
- (7) The boys made a noise while the teacher was away.
- (8) He is wealthy and rich but he is stingy.
- (9) You are lazy, therefore you will not succeed.

Just For Fun:

(Do it yourself)

Chapter - 19: (Punctuation Marks)

Exercise

Re-write the following inserting marks of Punctuation and (A) using Capitals wherever necessary:

Ans. (1) She said, "Who is there?"

- (2) God thou art merciful.
- (3) "Why do you want to climb that peak?" I asked a youngman. "Because it is there." he said.
- (4) "Very well, thank you, "I said, "I'II try to finish this book as soon as I can."
- (5) The P.M. went on a visit to Nepal.
- (6) Ah! That is great news.
- (7) The boy bought a table, a chair and a stool.
- (8) I sold some apples, bananas and oranges.
- (9) They said, "We will leave by the next train.
- (10) This is my father's office where he comes to work every day.
- (11) Yes, I can meet you tomorrow if the weather is fine.

[23]

(12) Mount Everest, Ganga, The Times of India, English are proper nouns.

Chapter - 18: (The Conjunction) Exercise

(A) Fill in the blanks with appropriate Conjunctions:

Ans. (1) but (2) and (4) lest (5) while

(3) otherwise

(7) still (8) either, or

(6) so, that (9) however

(10) and

(11) that

(12) before

(B) Join the following sentences using appropriate Conjunctions:

Ans. (1) Neeraj gave me both books and notes.

(2) Kanika is taller than seema.

(3) You should not only improve your expression but also your spellings.

(4) I wanted to call on you only I was tired.

(5) Since we drove very fast, we soon over took our friends.

(6) The weather was very bad nevertheless they continued the ascent.

(7) You must take complete rest otherwise you will again fall ill.

(8) As soon as my father reached home he immediately asked for dinner.

(C) Find out the Conjunctions in the following sentences and state whether they are co-ordinating or sub-ordinating.

Ans. (1) as well as — (co-ordinating)

(2) so that — (sub-ordinating)

(3) only—(co-ordinating)

(4) if—(sub-ordinating)

(5) not only --- bul also (co-ordinating)

(6) else—(co-ordinating)

(7) than—(sub-ordinating)

(8) When—(sub-ordinating)

(9) Nevertheless—(co-ordinating)

(10) Because—(sub-ordinating)

After that I pour a little milk in the boiling water. After a few minutes, the tea is ready to sieve. I pour sieved tea into the cups. Now it is ready to drink.

Chapter - 10: (The Present Tense)

Exercise

(A) Change the following sentences into their negative forms:

Ans. (1) Boys do not play cricket.

(2) We do not go to the park daily.

(3) My mother does not cook food for us.

(4) They will not have returned home by Monday.

(5) You do not run a lot.

(6) My sister does not keep his room clean.

(7) Children are not making a noise.

(8) I had not been watching movie since 5 P.M.

(9) I do not like playing cricket.

(10) He will not be playing in the morning.

(B) Change the following sentences into their interrogative forms:

Ans. (1) Does Mohit study in the morning?

(2) Does he buy a bicycle?

(3) Does Rita eat an apple daily?

(4) Did you pass the examination?

(5) Did they reach office very late?

(6) Did he not take his bath?

(7) Can you dance?

(C) Read the following sentences carefully and write the next sentence in the Present Perfect Tense using the Verbs given in the brackets:

Ans. (1) I do not know about Jaipur because I have not been here been here.

(2) I am ready but they have not yet come.

(3) I do not know what Rama has seen?

(4) Employees are going home after having finished their work.

(5) We cannot get milk now because the dairy has closed.

- (6) I am waiting for the bus which has not arrived yet.
- Fill up the blanks with the correct forms of the verbs given **(D)** in the brackets:

(1) She has cut my finger. Ans.

- (2) My brother has been sleeping for two hours.
- (3) I think you are wrong.
- (4) The earth moves around the sun.
- (5) I hear a strange sound.
- **Using the Present Perfect Continuous Tense of the Verbs (E)** given in the brackets, complete the following sentences-

(1) have, been riding? Ans.

- (2) has been teaching
- (3) has been playing
- (4) has been crying
- (5) have been studying

Just For Fun:

Dear Diary,

I was on a holiday. I played all day long on the beach on Sunday. On Tuesday, I went fishing with my friends. Wednesday was a lot of fun because I was at the Carnival all day. It rained the whole day on Thursday. So, I read a book. On Friday, I visited the market with relatives. Saturday was a busy day. I cleaned my room. Today was Sunday again.

Chapter - 11: (The Past Tense)

Exercise

Fill in the blanks with the correct Simple Past Tense forms (A) of the verbs given in the brackets:

Ans.

- (1) took (2) Did, sleep
- (3) saw

- (4) brought
 - (5) wrote (8) baked
- (6) taught (9) ran
- (7) bought (10) finished, went.
- Write the following sentences in the Negative Form: **(B)**

(1) I had not visited a temple. Ans.

(2) I had not been watching a TV show.

Just For Fun:

Change the words showing nearness of time or place into the words showing distance of time or place:

Ans. (1) there

- (2) that day
- (3) the last day

- (4) the next day
- (5) before
- (6) then

(7) that night

(8) that

Now, make sentences using the above words in both **Direct and Indirect Speech:**

Ans. (1) I said to Ram, "I am busy now." (Direct)

I told Ram that I was busy then. (Indirect)

- (2) She said to me, "We shall go to market today. (Direct) She told me that they would go to market that day.(Indirect)
- (3) Ram said to Mohan, "Today is holiday." (Direct) Ram told Mohan that day was holiday. (Indirect)
- (4) Ravi said to me, "Sita will go tomorrow." (Direct) Ram told me that Sita would go the next day. (Indirect)

Chapter - 17: (The Preposition)

Exercise

Fill in the blanks with suitable Prepositions: (A)

Ans. (1) after

- (2) by
- (3) in
- (4) at

- (5) at
- (6) in
- (7) on
- (8) for

- (9) at (10) among
- Fill in the blanks with appropriate Prepositions. Select these **(B)** prepositions from the ones given in the brackets:

(1) at Ans.

- (2) since
- (3) under

(7) through

- (5) for
- (6) at

(8) for

(4) till

(9) in (10) between

Just For Fun:

Correct the use of Prepositions in the following sentences and rewrite the sentences on the blank lines:

Ans. (1) by

- (2) at
- (3) at
- (4) in

- (5) with
- (6) since
- (7) beside

(10) The child exclaimed with joy that the moon was very beautiful.

(B) Turn the following sentences into Indirect Speech:

Ans. (1) He asked her what she wanted.

- (2) The queen asked if he really knew magic.
- (3) I asked her which her book was.
- (4) I asked me if he knew the way to the station.
- (5) The poor woman cried if no one would help her.
- (6) He asked me where I come from.
- (7) He asked me how my mother was.
- (8) She asked him If I liked that book.

(C) Turn the following sentences into Indirect Speech:

Ans. (1) Nitin asked Amit to go away.

- (2) He requested me to send him my book.
- (3) The teacher ordered the boys to look at the blackboard.
- (4) The teacher requested the boys to stop writing.
- (5) He asked his children to hurry up.
- (6) The teacher asked the boys to sit down.
- (7) He asked me to wait till he returned.
- (8) Seema asked her friend to give a rupee to the beggar.

(D) Turn the following sentences into direct speech:

Ans. (1) She said, "I have gone there at last night.

- (2) He said to me, "Is the train late?"
- (3) I said to him, "Please explain the question to me."
- (4) She said to him. "Mind your own business."
- (5) Kiran said, "it happens the last day."
- (6) Sushant will say, "Nobody was in the room."
- (7) Jaanu said, "I am busy now."
- (8) You said to me, "I have never told a lie in my life."
- (9) Meera said, "I will go to Pune tomorrow."
- (10) I said to him, "You have been present at the meeting of the day."

- (3) My grandfather did not give me a story book.
- (4) Robin Hood did not rob the rich men.
- (5) My friends did not help me yesterday.
- (6) The giant did not smile at the children.
- (7) We did not go to the zoo yesterday.
- (8) Rohit scored a century.
- (9) The principal did not punish the guilty boys.
- (10) I did not go to market on every weekend.
- (11) The gardener did not agree to give flowers.
- (12) He did not complete his work yesterday.

(C) Frame the questions for the following answers:

Ans. (1) Did you complete the drawing?

- (2) Did the police catch the thief?
- (3) Did we cheat in the exam?
- (4) Did you reach school on time?
- (5) Did he pass the exam?
- (6) Did she take her dinner yesterday?
- (7) Did she tell me anything?

(D) Fill up the blanks with correct forms of the verbs given in the brackets:

Ans. (1) had seen (2) was (3) has packed

(4) saw (5) bought (6) were playing

(7) had already started.

(8) was moving.

(E) Fill in the blanks with the Past Simple and Past Perfect Continuous forms of the verbs given in brackets:

Ans. (1) They had been rehearsing the play since 2:30 P.M.when I joined them.

- (2) I was solving sums for two hours when you entered.
- (3) As our teacher had been teaching for two hours, she felt tired.
- (4) I had been washing dishes for an hour when the servant arrived.
- (5) The two girls had been quarrelling for half an hour when I intervened.

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(F) Change each sentence into its Interrogative and Negative forms:

Ans. (1) Did the faithful dog bark at the thieves? The faithful dog did not bark at the thieves.

- (2) Did she write a letter to her old mother? She did not write a letter to her old mother.
- (3) Did the flock of sheep gaze on the hill side? The flock of sheep did not gaze on the hill side.

Just For Fun:

(Note - Do it yourself)

Chapter - 12: (The Future Tense)

Exercise

(A) Supply the correct Tense of the verbs given in brackets. (Use Future Continuous)

Ans. (1) will be finishing (2) will be coming

(3) will be raining (4) shall be writing

(5) will be writing (6) will be sitting.

(B) Fill in the blanks with the correct forms of the future Tense of the verbs given in brackets:

Ans. (1) will have spent

(2) shall have painted.

(3) will have been playing

(4) will not start

(5) shall wait

(6) will leave

(7) shall have been enjoying

(8) will have read

(9) will help

(10) shall have been singing

(C) Rewrite the following sentences in the Simple Future Tense:

Ans. (1) Poonam will offer to make tea for Vishal.

- (2) Could you turn off the fan please?
- (3) Perhaps Sunil will not win the match.
- (4) I shall bring you the remote.
- (5) Rina will paint the fence.
- (6) Mohit will be coming tomorrow.
- (7) When will you school open?

(10) His enemies have killed him.

(C) Fill in the blanks with Active or Passive form of the verbs given in the brackets:

Ans. (1) It is said by the people that Mr. Anirudh is brilliant lawyer.

- (2) It is predicated that there will be heavy snowfall in New York tomorrow.
- (3) A high wall has been built around the compound to protect the garden.
- (4) The tenants have been warned about their noisy behaviour by the landlord.
- (5) It is believed that the government will soon reduce the price of petrol in Delhi.
- (6) It was suggested last week that a new pension plan should be presented before the Lok Sabha.
- (7) I was sent food parcels regularly by my parents when I was studying abroad.
- (8) We are given a variety of books to read on the subject.
- (9) The children are always encouraged to practise swimming everyday by the coach.

Just For Fun:

(Do it yourself)

Chapter - 16: (Direct And Indirect Speech) Exercise

(A) Turn the following sentences into Indirect Speech:

Ans. (1) My mother asked me where I was going.

- (2) The teacher said that two and two make four.
- (3) My father asked Raman to stop that noise.
- (4) He asked his son to stop.
- (5) Ajay told Ravi that he should work hard.
- (6) The priest wished that God might bless him.
- (7) The commander ordered the soldiers to march forward.
- (8) George said that that day was a fine day.
- (9) I asked the little boy if he could tell me the secret.

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- (3) God is present everywhere.
- (4) The results will be declared soon.
- (5) Where there is a will, there is a way.
- (6) We should never tell a lie.

Chapter - 15: (Active and Passive Voice) Exercise

(A) Change the following sentences into Passive Voice:

Ans. (1) You are ordered to return these books on Monday.

- (2) A telegram has already been sent by me.
- (3) By whom the tickets will be arranged?
- (4) Our time should not be wasted by us.
- (5) I was disgusted by her behaviour.
- (6) Posters are prohibited to be stuck on this wall.
- (7) Her work will have been completed by her.
- (8) You will be marked absent by the teacher.
- (9) A woman lifting a huge stone was seen by me.
- (10) By whom the stars can be counted?
- (11) Let this question be tried by me.
- (12) You cannot be helped by my father.
- (13) You are being caused trouble by me.
- (14) The patient is being looked after by the nurse.
- (15) It is time the secret to be revealed.
- (16) Honest man is generally trusted by people.

(B) Change the following sentences into Active Voice:-

Ans. (1) Do it.

- (2) Has the police caught the thief?
- (3) He loved his friends very much.
- (4) How had his ambitions achieved?
- (5) You do not forget your lesson.
- (6) How did you solve this riddle?
- (7) Who put up this notice?
- (8) Did everybody miss the first bus?
- (9) Which book do you read regularly?

- (8) A solar eclipse will happen next week.
- (9) Amit and Renu will plan to contest in the school election.

(D) Complete the following sentences with the correct options given in the brackets:

Ans. (1) I am going to Nainital tomorrow.

- (2) One day people will travel to Moon.
- (3) We will fly to Canada next month.
- (4) I will have written this novel by them.
- (5) We will have known our exam results in May.
- (6) My train leaves at 4:30 in the evening.
- (7) One day, Ahmad will teach them a lesson.
- (8) By next month, we shall have been living here for four years.
- (9) The teacher will announce the result next Monday.
- (10) If you visit her on Sunday morning, she probably be practicing the guitar.

(E) Fill up the following blanks with the Future Perfect Continuous forms of the verbs given in the brackets:

Ans. (1) shall have been knowing

- (2) shall have been working
- (3) will have been raining
- (4) shall have been living
- (5) will have been building
- (6) will have been parking

(F) Transform the following sentences into Future Perfect sentences:

Ans. (1) She will have finished my work.

- (2) He will not have gone to meet him.
- (3) I shall have already cooked food.
- (4) Where will you have disappeared?
- (5) Will he have gone to China?
- (6) They will have reached the station before the train starts.

Just For Fun:

Write a paragraph on ''How I shall celebrate my coming Birthday' in about 100-200 words:

Ans. "How I shall celebrate my coming Birthday"

"Birthday" is a charming word. It fills me with happiness when I remember this word. I celebrate my birthday, every year with my parents and younger sister. But the coming birthday will be special for me because I shall make the preparations myself. I shall prepare special invitation cards to be sent to my friends and relatives. I shall decorate the hall in our house myself. I shall guide my mother to prepare special dish for the guests. I shall order the "Laxmi Bakery" to make a special cake for my birthday. I shall buy balloons and candles myself from the market. I shall order the tent-house to arrange the best and most fashionable chairs for this function. I shall leave no stone unturned to make the occasion memorable.

Chapter - 13: (The Phrase and the Clause) Exercise

(A) State whether the groups of words given in colour in the following sentences are phrases or clauses. The first one in done for you.

Ans. (1) phrase (2) clause (3) phrase (4) phrase (5) clause (6) clause

(7) phrase (8) clause (9) phrase

(10) phrase.

- (B) Choose the right answer to complete these phrases and write again:-
- **Ans.** (1) Is that cake from the confectionary shop?
 - (2) The young man wore a collared shirt.
 - (3) Maria's ball flew into the sky.
 - (4) Nancy shouted on the top of her voice.
 - (5) The boys are playing outside.
 - (6) The lion is roaring.
 - (7) I know the right answer to the question.

Just For Fun:

We make clauses using words like 'who', 'which', 'that', 'whom' etc. Make five sentences by your own using the given words:-

- **Ans.** (1) Do you know Birbal who was one of the Navaratanas in the court of Akbar?
 - (2) Can you tell me which is your book?
 - (3) Everybody knows that the Earth moves around the Sun.
 - (4) This is the man whom I gave a bundle of letters.
 - (5) Shyam told me that he would play in the team.

Chapter - 14: (Adverbs: Kinds of Adverbs) Exercise

- (A) Insert the adverbs given in the brackets in their suitable position and re-write the sentences:-
- **Ans.** (1) I have just come.
 - (2) He doesn't come here these days.
 - (3) She seldom goes out to play.
 - (4) We walked fast to reach there in time.
 - (5) I have already soon this place.
- (B) Give the opposites of the following Adverbs:-

Ans. (1) backward (2) wisely (3) quickly

(4) politely (5) sadly (6) vaguely

(7) badly (8) noisily

(C) Fill in the blanks with the positive, comparative and superlative Degrees of the Adverbs given in the brackets:

Ans. (1) more swiftly

(2) faster

(3) most

(4) most bravely

(5) nearer.

(D) Complete the following sentences by using appropriate Adverbs given in the box:

Ans. (1) bravely

(2) when

(3) extremely

(4) soon

(5) forward

(6) why

(7) sweet

(8) very

(9) loudly

(10) very

(11) here

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(12) quite.

Just For Fun:

Use the following Adverbs in sentences of your own:

- (1) She was partly blind.
- (2) He eats fruit twice a day.